THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

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FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

THE GRAND JURY

Reports its Finding on Cases Submitted.

THE HORSE DEAL CASE COMES UP MONDAY.

List of Indictments Reported This Morning.

The grand jury came in at the Superior court this morning, presenting their report to Judge Hardy, who was recently promoted to the bench by Governor Wolcott.

The jury reported its findings at 9.30 and the prisoners in the dock were arraigned as their names were called.

When the name of Harriet F. Hall was called, Mrs. Hall was carried into the court by two deputy sheriffs, being unable to stand, although she was in excellent health while on trial in the police court.

The findings were as follows. All pleaded not guilty but those otherwise marked:

William Vigals, breaking and entering.
Harry Gilchrist, Nellie Whitman, adultery.
Thomas Glynn, breaking and entering.
Fred McDonough, breaking and entering, G.
James Mack, breaking and entering, G.
Thomas F. Cassidy, Annie Doran, lewd and lasc. cohabitation.
James Dignan assault with knife.
William Raymond, Annie Smith, adultery.
William Kane, assault with attempt to kill.
George L. Robbins, felonious assault.
William Newman, Mary McKenny, lewd, lasc. cohabitation.
Elizabeth Frechette, adultery, G.
Harriet F. Hall, attempt to produce abortion.
Alexander Dube, Frederick Latulippe, Clement Duchene, breaking and entering.
Henry Perrault, breaking and entering.
John J. Tracey, Mary McGillion, adultery.
William Scanlan, breaking and entering, receiving stolen property.
Joseph Menard, felonious assault.
Jeremiah Regan, escaped from jail.
James Scanlan, escaped from jail.
James A. Hamilton, against whom no bill was found on the claim of forgery, was discharged.
Herman N. Prescott, an elderly and sickly man from Westford, was fined $125 for maintaining a liquor nuisance.

There were four "no bills" among the Lowell cases.

As the Lowell jail was not large enough to accommodate the Cambridge offenders the grand jury adjourned to Cambridge at 11 o'clock.

Escaped the Officers.

While being taken from the courthouse to the jail, one of the prisoners, John J. Tracey, escaped from the officers in charge, making a bold dash through the street. The superintendent of police was notified by reporters.

The case of Councilmen Huntoon, George and Maguire, Supt. Cheney and Charles Clapp will be tried Monday morning.

EUROPEANS HELD.

Suspected of Infection by Some Disease.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

New York, Oct. 24.—The Netherlands line steamer Maasdam arrived this morning from Rotterdam and Boulogne, bringing among steerage passengers three Armenians and 50 Syrians. When examined at the health office, nearly all showed abnormal temperatures. They were transferred to Hoffman island for observation. On October 16th, a German steerage passenger named H. C. Gay, committed suicide by shooting. He was buried at sea.

DEATHS.

GRAY—John H. Gray, aged 29 years and 11 months, died at his home, 22 Merrill street, last night.

J. F. O'DONNELL UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street.
Telephone.

FOR FLOWERS GO TO PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
293 Central Street.

Insist

Upon having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla. There is no substitute for Hood's. It is an insult to your intelligence to try to sell you something else. Remember that all efforts to induce you to buy an article you do not want, are based simply

Upon

the desire to secure more profit. The dealer or clerk who does this cares nothing for your welfare. He simply wants your money. Do not permit yourself to be deceived. Insist upon having

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And only Hood's. It is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

STRICTLY ALL-WOOL
Kersey Overcoats
$6.00.

STRICTLY ALL-WOOL
Kersey Overcoats
$8.00.

Excellent fitting; well made; lasting lined; correct length. Compare these coats with any sold in town for four dollars more money.

Putnam & Son,
166 Central Street.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery.
An Excellent Tonic
For Sale by All Local Dealers.

APPLE AND HONEY

Prevents pulmonary diseases,
Preserves the bronchial tubes,
Lessens lung troubles,
Eradicates purulent secretions.

Always acts promptly,
Never fails to comfort,
Delightful to take.

Has wonderful curative properties,
Often saves a doctor,
Nausea permanently prevented,
Every one likes it,
You should try it.

JOHN M. PEVEY, 55-57 MIDDLE ST.

BRYAN TOURING ILLINOIS

He Strongly Condemns the Insult to Carlisle.

The Democratic Leader Speaks From a Motor Car in Illinois—Against Biennial Elections—Congressman Fitzgerald For Free Silver—Other Matters.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24. — Secretary Carlisle found himself the center of widespread attention yesterday, in consequence of the indignity offered him during his speech Thursday night in Covington. The first indications came in calls from friends and neighbors, anxious to assure him of their regrets for the scene. Later messages began to arrive, showing that similar feeling existed in other portions of the state. At length Mr. Carlisle was obliged to deny himself to callers to enable him to get the rest he needed, and to attend to his correspondence. The feeling in Covington, as well as in Cincinnati, runs high, and the event is much discussed. The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, regardless of politics, called a special meeting and appointed a committee to give Mr. Carlisle a most urgent invitation to visit the Chamber of Commerce before he returns to Washington. In addition to this a large delegation of Gold Democrats from Walnut Hills called to urge the secretary to make them an address, and to allow them to testify their appreciation by giving him a becoming hearing. To all requests for speeches, Mr. Carlisle was obliged to give a refusal, saying that the five speeches he has promised in Kentucky fully occupy all the time he can spare from his public duties.

A Lesson on Disgrace.

Peoria, Ills., Oct. 24.—The greatest reception of the day was accorded Mr. Bryan when he arrived in Peoria last evening. The streets were crowded, and he was given a continual ovation from the time he left the depot until he had started to speak. Three meetings were held here, one in the Tabernacle, another in Rouse's hall, to an audience made up exclusively of the trades' union men, and a third in the open air, on the courthouse square. Thousands were unable to gain admittance to the hall, and thousands more were unable to get within sound of the speaker's voice at the open air meeting. It was 11 o'clock before Mr. Bryan finished his work, and he returned at once to his car. Speaking of the Covington incident, Mr. Bryan said: "I condemn the disturbance at Mr. Carlisle's meeting as much as any disturbance offered at any silver meeting. Let each individual remember that no disgrace can be heaped by him upon any other person. A man cannot be disgraced by another. The man disgraces himself when disgrace comes, and those who attempt to offer indignity to another, injure themselves far more than they do the object of their attack. I know that in this campaign there has been resentment by many, who, in the past, advocated our doctrine, but who now advocate another doctrine. I know that these changes have been made without sufficient reason or excuse being given to the public, but, my friends, leave these men to history, because history is just. If they have done wrong, they shall be punished. If they are right, we should not punish them." The Bryan train was taken out of Peoria at 11:30. Mr. Bryan made addresses at Springfield and several other places yesterday.

Democrats Say They Will Fight.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Judge Tuley yesterday refused to issue an injunction restraining Chief of Police Badenoch from interfering with the free silver parade, on the night of Oct. 31. He held that the court had no jurisdiction in the matter, and that the right to allow the parade was vested in the chief of police. Democratic leaders stated in open court that they will fight the police force, or any one else who attempts to prevent their marching in parade on the night of Oct. 31. Chief Badenoch, on the other hand, declares that it would endanger the peace of the city to have two opposing political factions marching the streets at the same time, and says that the Democrats will not be allowed to parade. Developments are being eagerly awaited.

Five Delegations at Canton.

Canton, O., Oct. 24.—Major McKinley was visited by five delegations yesterday, and to everyone he spoke. They were from four states — Pennsylvania sent two: Indiana, one; Ohio, one, and Kansas the other. The first lot of callers was the Indiana company that arrived here before daylight. They waited at the hotels until 9:30 o'clock, when a formal call was made at the McKinley residence. The second party came from Kansas. This consisted of several hundred railway men. They had traveled 24 consecutive hours to reach this city, and arrived at the McKinley home unexpectedly. They were very cordially received, however. The third party of the day was about 100 from Pittsburg. They were residents of Pennsylvania. Following this party, Ohio sent a large party from Van Wert and contiguous territory. The next delegation was the largest of the day. It came from Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and was made up largely of employes of iron, glass and tin mills. It was a very enthusiastic party. This delegation presented to Major McKinley a handsome mirror, the product of a glass factory of Armstrong county.

Biennial Election Agitation.

Boston, Oct. 24.—A meeting was held in Faneuil hall last night, to protest against the adoption of the biennial election amendment, which the people are to vote upon Nov. 3. Ex-Governor Boutwell said that the opponents of annual elections say that business interests are interfered with by annual elections. Business interests were of secondary importance, however, when the rights of the people to make their voice heard frequently in elections were in jeopardy. Rev. Edward Everett Hale said that in Massachusetts the people make the constitution, and the people govern the state. In the other states where the governors are elected for four years, the governor is the ruler, and not the people. George B. McNeil said that the petition for biennial elections did not come from the people, it came from the dudes of society, who were looking out for their own interests. Gamaliel Bradford said that no other state had been distinctly benefitted, either in legislation or administration, by the change. But there is evidence, he said, that many states have suffered from the change. Resolutions condemning the proposed amendment were adopted.

Fitzgerald For Silver.

Boston, Oct. 24.—At a rally here last night, John F. Fitzgerald, the only Democratic congressman at present in New England, and a candidate for re-election, announced his acceptance of the Chicago platform and candidates. He said: "I have supported the Democratic party and platforms ever since I became a voter. I have always been loyal to the nominees of the Democratic party, and to the principles of that great organization, and I stand today as loyal and as firm in my devotion to my party and its principles as I have ever been."

Bogus Barons Exposed.

Denver, Oct. 24. — General Wheaton and officers of the United States army in this city, have for several weeks been handsomely entertaining two Germans of distinguished appearance, who gave the names of Baron von Livetzow and Baron von Sack-Mitzlaff, and said they were officers of the German army. They represented that they were on a tour round the world, without money and in the guise of tramps to win a wager. Among the entertainments provided for the strangers was a ball given in their honor at Fort Logan. Suspicion was finally aroused, and a telegram was sent to the German embassy at Washington, which was answered by saying that nothing is known there of the two men, who had represented that on their arrival in this country they had presented their credentials to the German ambassador.

Can Be No Favoritism.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The acting secretary of the treasury has approved bonds in the case of three Armenian refugees, recently barred from landing at New York. The condition in the bonds is that they will never become public or private charges while they remain in this country. A large number of Armenians, who recently arrived, have been landed, they having successfully passed the examination of the board of special inquiry. Acting Commissioner Larned states that the immigration bureau is strictly and solidly administrative in its functions, and has no authority whatever to waive any requirements or condition prescribed by the law, and hence the refugees from Turkey must prove their right to land, or they must be debarred.

According to Business Custom.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Acting Governor Wolcott gave a long hearing yesterday morning, at the state house, on the requisition papers received from the governor of Missouri, for the extradition of Edwin B. Wilson, a produce dealer, who is wanted in the latter state to answer to an indictment for grand larceny. A petition signed by 57 prominent produce dealers of Boston set forth the opinion that, should the governor honor the papers in the present case, every one of them might be liable to extradition, where they had absolutely done nothing wrong, but simply because of the manner of transacting business with the west. The governor took the matter under advisement.

Received Contents of Shotgun.

Greenville, N. H., Oct. 24.—Frederick C. Burton of Temple was shot and instantly killed by his own shotgun yesterday. His body was found beside his wagon. It is thought that, while driving along the road, he saw a partridge on a tree, and in picking up his gun, it was prematurely discharged. The contents of the weapon entered his right side.

In Interest of Morality.

Boston, Oct. 24. — As the result of a movement of the Watch and Ward society of this city, to suppress the "button craze," William Landers, a street vender, was fined $100, on a charge brought by Agent Davis of the society, of selling obscene matter.

SENATOR HOAR'S ADDRESS

His Sophistries On the Currency Refuted By Best Authorities.

Many Glaring Falsehoods—Much Equivocation Unworthy of Senatorial Dignity—The Want of Argument in Support of Gold Standard Apparent—The Tariff Offered as a Panacea—The Other Speakers.

"Hoar Strangles the Serpent," is the heading of the cartoon in the Mail this morning, as a sort of condensation of U. S. Senator Hoar's address on the currency at the republican rally in Huntington hall last night, but in a brief way we propose to show that the serpent is in the minds of republicans, if not in the ranks of their party, and that Hoar like other republican orators and like the gold bug press drew upon his imagination for his facts and raised up issues and imaginary evils which have no existence in reality, and in demolishing even these he resorted to falsehood, misrepresentation and a species of sophistry and equivocation which we supposed to be far beneath his dignity.

The rally was a disappointment in many respects. The young republican club turned out, the chairman said, in hundreds. As they all carried bannerets their numbers could be seen and they certainly did not exceed fifty in all. The lack of enthusiasm was also apparent when the chairman called for three cheers for Senator Hoar and not more than a third of those in the body of the hall stood up.

Mr. A. G. Walsh called to order and gave some pertinent advice in regard to voting for the representative and other candidates. Mr. Lawton, the chairman, tried to be sarcastic in alluding to the Chicago platform, saying that "it seems to me I have heard something of that kind before—in 1861 I think"—as he alluded to the criticism of the Supreme court. He was bold enough in the face of a large representation of the A. P. A. to say that the Senior Senator was a man who stood "for freedom of opinion and liberality of thought." This elicited but slight applause and it was notable that this element did not applaud the senator's utterances at any point. Neither did they join in the cheers for him.

Representative Bates.

Rep. Bates of Boston is a very melodramatic gentleman with a big windy voice which he uses in a sort of bombastic style of eloquence peculiar to republican stump orators. In depicting the ruin of our New England industries, he described a thrifty little village in Essex county as he passed through it on a beautiful morning when the "waters laughed," "the sunbeams danced," "the children sported on the green," "the housewives sang the joy of the household to sleep" and "the wheels of the stone mill sang an accompaniment for the music of industrial happiness heard on every side."

Later on he visited the place, but what a change! The houses were deserted, the mill burned down; and then with tears in his voice he described the scene as typical of what was brought about by the Wilson bill. He forgot to describe what was brought about by the McKinley bill in 1893, the year of the panic, for the Wilson bill did not go into effect until August, 1894.

Mr. Bates dismissed the currency question with the statement that "the value of our currency is greater today than it was in 1873, consequently he said the trouble does not lie in the currency."

It might be expected that with the increase of population the volume of money should be increased to meet the demands of business, but something else is to be considered besides the volume. The money is mostly in paper, redeemable in gold which cannot be found, which is locked up by the money grabbers of Wall street and their allies, the Morgans and Rothschilds.

Mr. Bates went on to show the evils brought upon the country by the Wilson bill and launched into statistics. He must have been hard pressed for material when he took up the export of flour from this country to Cuba, showing that in the last few years it had fallen off.

Well, is it any wonder that the Cubans torn with the ravages of war should buy less of our flour than formerly? The Spanish commander gets his flour from other sources.

"The country never saw better times than towards the end of Harrison's administration but Cleveland was but a short time in office when the government was almost bankrupt."

Mr. Bates did not mention that the plates were prepared for a bond issue by Mr. Foster before Harrison went out of office and that Cleveland found the treasury depleted in 1892.

These are but samples of the statements made by Mr. Bates who held, that a higher tariff would settle all the ills the country suffers today.

Senator Hoar.

In opening Senator Hoar paid a glowing tribute to the memory of the late Governor Greenhalge and then proceeded to discuss the currency.

"The country had reached high water mark in Pres. Harrison's administration. Labor received the highest wages ever paid."

That is untrue. Wages were higher before 1873 and higher at periods after 1873 than in Harrison's term.

"The democrats are dropping free silver and attacking the Supreme court and arraying labor against capital."

William J. Bryan and all the democrats are preaching free silver six days a week.

"Democrats are telling the farmers that wages are so high that after paying them there is nothing left for the farmers themselves."

The democrats want to stop falling prices so that there may be a fixed standard of value that will protect the farmer from being obliged to pay his debts in dearer dollars than those he borrowed. When that is accomplished he will be able to make a living profit and pay his laborers besides.

Senator Hoar undertook to give a forecast of what would take place under free coinage. "The advocates of free coinage want 50 cents worth of silver stamped as a dollar and with these fifty cent dollars they want to pay their debts and the country's debts. In those 50 cent dollars under free coinage the depositors in savings banks would be paid, thus cutting their savings down just one-half."

This is about the most cheesy and transparent bluff possible to give an audience. It is an insult to the intelligence of a Lowell audience.

Everybody knows the coinage of silver would increase the demand for it and increase its value. The remonetization of silver would relieve the stringency of gold would bring both to a parity constituting a dollar not quite so dear as the present dollar.

But the senator says, "Suppose silver rises in value to 100 cents to be equal to the present dollar, then there will be no improvement."

Yes there would be an improvement; the base could not be cornered as the gold is cornered at the present time and money would not be increased in value merely by remaining idle. The appreciation of gold would stop and the decline in prices would stop with it. Then capital would emerge from its hiding places, hoarding would stop and business would be encouraged.

But the most astounding statement ever heard from any authority claiming eminence was that "It is beyond human understanding and comprehension to tell whether gold has appreciated or not or whether it is silver and other commodities that have appreciated."

This statement in the face of Sauerbeck's statistics showing that gold appreciated about 40 points while silver fell seven points, and in face of other proofs such as the almost uniform decline in all staple articles is amusing coming from a man of Senator Hoar's distinction.

It is difficult to believe that such a statement is made in honesty. We believe it is made for effect because if the appreciation of gold be admitted all the arguments of the silver orators must be admitted at once and none of the contention of the republicans against free silver is truthful or logical. Is gold dearer as purchased in staple commodities? Anybody who looks at the prices today will see that a dollar costs nearly double what it did in 1873, and it must, therefore, have appreciated as compared with those commodities.

Perhaps Senator Hoar's treatment of the "crime of 1873," was the most ridiculous part of his discourse. He claimed personal knowledge of most of the facts connected with the case. He launched into a long harangue in which he tried to prove that most of the proofs on this question were forgeries, but we shall produce a few here which he passed over without notice. He claimed that silver was demonetized in 1850, and not 1873, but the annals of congress and the reports of the U. S. mint stand out in refutation of that statement. But in speaking of the pamphlets issued by democrats, he stated that one had been issued in the west quoting President Lincoln in condemnation of the crime of 1873, representing that the authors were foreigners who did not know that President Lincoln had been assassinated before the crime of 1873 was committed. He said that the bill constituting that crime was printed sixteen times, but authorities more candid and reliable than Senator Hoar have testified that the demonetization clause was never printed, and never discussed in either house.

Congressman Holman on July 13, 1876, as reported in the congressional record said that "the measure never had the sanction of the house, and that it in reality did not possess the moral force of law." Again on August 5, 1876, he said: "The original bill was simply a bill to organize a bureau of mines and coinage. The bill which finally passed the house and which ultimately became a law was certainly not read in the house. It was never considered before the house as it was passed. Up to the time the bill came before this house for final passage the measure had simply been one to establish a bureau of mines; I believe I use the term correctly now. It came before the committee on coinage, weights and measures. The substitute which finally became a law was never read, and is subject to the charge made against it by Mr. Bland that it was passed by the house without a knowledge of its provisions, especially upon that of coinage.

"I myself asked the question of Mr. Hooper, who stood near where I am now standing, whether it changed the law in regard to coinage. And the answer of Mr. Hooper certainly left the impression upon the whole house that the subject of the coinage was not affected by that bill."

President Grant said that "he had no idea that the act demonetized silver."

Senator Thurman said "when the bill was pending in the senate, it was simply to reform the mint, regulate coinage and fix up one thing and another, and there is not a man in the senate, I think, unless a member of the committee from which the bill came who had the slightest idea that it was then a squint towards demonetization."

Senator Allison said "that the house in passing the bill intended to coin both gold and silver, and that the bill was afterwards doctored."

Mr. Blaine, in reply to Senator Voorhees, also stated "that he did not know the import of the bill," and Senator Beck, on Jan. 10, 1878, said "the bill never was understood by either house of congress. I say it with knowledge of the facts. No newspaper reporter, and they are the most vigilant men I ever saw in obtaining information, discovered that it had been done."

POLITICAL FIELD

The Silver Men to Parade in Chicago.

MR. BRYAN SPEAKING FROM A MOTOR CAR.

Notes of General Interest on Campaign.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—The silver democrats of Cook county will have a parade Oct. 31, despite the facts that Judge Tuley declined to grant them an injunction to prevent Chief Badenoch from interfering with them, and the chances are that there will be neither a clash nor a riot, for they will parade with the chief's permission, granted them late yesterday afternoon, and over an entirely different route from that to be traversed by the republicans.

They are not to come down town at all, but will be obliged to confine themselves to the west side of the city.

The republicans have the pick of the downtown streets, as they secured their permit long before the silver men asked for one.

Chief Badenoch was determined to stop the Bryan marchers had they insisted on going on the south side.

In view of the differences between the state committee and the Hon. George Fred Williams and the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club during the campaign, there was some discussion in the state committee, as to how a union of the two opposing factions could be effected. It was finally decided to appoint a committee of two to call upon the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club, and make clear the wishes and kindly intentions of the state committee. Mr. Patrick J. Daly and Senator John Quinn were appointed, and conferred yesterday with Messrs. Robert Treat Paine, Jr., Francis A. Hobart, John V. Scollard and Henry J. Jaquith, of the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club. As a result of the conference there is every prospect that the two factions will come together and complete arrangements for the ratification meeting.

In a Motor Carriage.

The heartiest sort of a reception was given Mr. Bryan at Decatur, Ill. Excursionists by the hundreds were in town and the streets were crowded. A gasoline motor carriage was the vehicle in which Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were conveyed to the first meeting place, the court house square. So dense was the mass of humanity there that a passageway could not be cleared from the carriage to the platform, and Mr. Bryan was obliged to make his address from the vehicle. The enthusiasm was great, but there was much confusion, and comparatively few of the 20,000 people in his audience heard him.

Democrats should remember that there is an excellent chance to elect three and possibly four democratic representatives in this city. In the 27th district where Joseph F. Douchee and Michael J. Coughlin are candidates, scores of republicans will vote for these young men in preference to Hosmer and Stevens, the republican nominees.

In the 26th district the greatest fight should be waged. The republicans are going to cut here, and either Mansfield, Stickney or Gordon, the democratic nominees, will get votes from the other side. A united democratic vote will help to send one or two of these young men to the legislature.

Hon. Pierre Humbert, jr., one of the foremost silver orators of New England, will speak at the big democratic rally in Huntington hall tonight. Mr. Humbert is an eloquent speaker and has done yeoman service in this campaign. John H. Harrington, the democratic congressional nominee will also address the meeting.

Hon. John W. Corcoran has addressed a letter to Hon. John H. Sullivan tendering his resignation as chairman of the democratic state committee.

Bernard D. O'Connell, Esq., left on the 9.30 o'clock train last night for Philadelphia where he has been invited to speak at a democratic rally.

Samuel Scott of Market street is a candidate for the republican councilmanic nomination in ward one.

Louis Lemerise, Esq., is organizing a republican campaign club.

Up at City hall yesterday Alderman Wilson remarked, after he had a few minutes conversation with the lawyer: "Campaign assessments are coming pretty speedy. There is another club that has a subscription list."

The friends of Hugh McOsker of Ward nine are urging him to again become the candidate for overseer of the poor. Mr. McOsker made an excellent run last year, and his friends feel confident that he can defeat the "extra member" Fletcher this year, if he will accept the nomination. He would make a valuable member of the board of overseers of the poor.

Williams in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—George Fred Williams of Massachusetts addressed half a dozen democratic meetings in the southwest section of the city which is peopled largely with Bohemians and Poles.

A carriage conveyed him from hall to hall.

Big audiences were assembled at each place to hear the famous eastern speaker. The speeches were all necessarily brief but they were well received.

FINE TAILORING.

Stylish Garments at Less Than Half Price.

Mr. Cavanaugh of the firm of Cavanaugh & Dissault, and formerly head cutter for C. W. Mayotte, bought the stock and fixtures which were sold at auction Friday for spot cash. Mr. Mayotte's stock was considered to be the best in the city including all the latest novelties in fine goods, and was bought for one-fourth the actual value. For ten days we will sell suits at $18, $20, $22, $25; regular prices, $30, $36, $40, $45; overcoats, $18, $20, $22, $25; 1000 different style trouserings, $4.50, $5, $6, $6.50, half price. They must be sold at some price as we are overstocked. Made and trimmed in first-class style. Call and examine our sample garments with our celebrated concave shoulder, which gives the wearer a graceful appearance and prevents creasing.

Cavanaugh & Dissault, leading tailors, corner Central and Middle streets. Largest stock in the city. Telephone, 355-5.

Attention, Hibernians.

There will be a mass meeting of all the divisions of Hibernians at 2.30 o'clock tomorrow in their hall in the Howe building. Business of great importance is to be transacted. Per order,

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

MONEY

deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, corner Middlesex St. and Post Office avenue, before 4 p. m. Tuesday Nov. 3d., will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from Nov. 1st Interest compounded semi-annually. Savings Department open from 8 a. m. till 4 p. m. daily Saturday's from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and Saturday evening from 7 till 9 o'clock.

WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

BIRCH WOOD CHEAP, One Dollar buys 14 baskets of birch wood at Cogger's wood yard 29 Concord street. Postal orders promptly attended to. Telephone 453-5.

November Fashions

How to Dress Well and Economically

Subscribe for the Delineator at Butterick's Pattern & Corset Parlors and thus get at the fountain head of fashion information. Only $1 per year—15c. single copy.

Also ask for The Glass of Fashion, a New Magazine with Beautiful colored plates, only 50c. per year, or 5c. per copy at

BUTTERICK'S
Pattern and Corset Parlors,
204 and 206 MERRIMACK ST

The "Princeton" $5.
English Enamel Lace Shoes, Double soled calf lined, Boston price, $7.

Winter Russets $3.
Willow Calf Lace Shoes Goodyear welted, calf lined, double soled—advertised by Boston dealers at $5.

The "Hustler" $3.
Union Label, Goodyear welt, broad sole, business men's shoe, lace and congress, any size from 5 to 11.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.
OPP. CITY HALL.

There is a disposition on the part of some of the best merchant tailors to introduce suitings of smooth faced worsted fabrics—in quiet color effects: unobstrusive plaids, indistinct stripes and neat mixtures.

Men who do not fancy the conspicuously marked cheviots will find with us a most excellent collection of these new fancy worsted suits, in sacks and cutaways, made by Rogers, Peet & Co., or from our own workrooms.

Prices from $10 to $25 a suit.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

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FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

FOR GOVERNOR.

GEORGE F. WILLIAMS of Dedham.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

CHRIS. T. CALLAHAN of Holyoke.

FOR CONGRESSMAN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON of Lowell

The friends of Rev. T. J. Conaty of Worcester, are hopeful that he may be selected as rector of the Washington University, inasmuch as he is one of the three recommended by the bishops, from whom the Pope will make a selection.

Mr. Hanna has raised the question whether the corporations that are shouting so loudly for McKinley would give any promise or pledge against reducing wages in case of McKinley's election. There is not a corporation in the country that would sign a contract for any such purpose, because if the gold standard be maintained, prices will inevitably fall, and wages will go down in the general cataclysm.

The republicans have started to put in practice the advice of Mr. Blaine, viz., to claim everything. They are now claiming not only the states known to be republican, but all the doubtful states as well. Before election day it is not unlikely that that they will bring the democratic states into camp; but Blaine's method of claiming everything in sight did not bring victory in his case, and it will be equally ineffectual in the present case.

At the rally, last night, the republican orators, as usual, failed to reconcile the statements that under free silver we shall have a 53-cent dollar, and that the chief object of free silver is to enrich the silver mine owners, by enabling them to sell 53 cents worth of silver for one hundred cents. This is a republican paradox which none of the orators who give it currency are willing to explain. It is about as logical as their statement that they will settle the money question by increasing the tariff.

Mark Hanna has chartered a number of special trains and secured all the leading speakers of the country to proceed and follow Mr. Bryan, in order, if possible, to counteract the effect of his sweeping arguments against the gold standard. It is not unlikely that some of these hirelings of the gold bugs may get a reception similar to that given to Mr. Carlisle in Kentucky. The generals of the late war have adopted a plausible method of meeting Mr. Bryan's logic. They have taken a special car with a couple of cannon mounted on a rear platform. With the cannon they intend to "fire away" at Mr. Bryan's arguments, when they cannot answer them in any other way.

SENATOR HOAR'S SOPHISTRIES.

The republican rally at Huntington hall last night was in every respect a disappointment—in enthusiasm, in the number present and particularly in the speeches delivered.

Something truthful and fair was expected from Senator Hoar but the fact that he used all his ingenuity in weaving sophistries that would make the republican case in some measure presentable, proves beyond a doubt what has been often stated in this paper that there is no argument to uphold the gold standard or the system of currency now in force in this country.

Truth, logic and originality were expected of Senator Hoar, but instead he gave his audience a rehash of all the campaign lies framed and published by the gold bug press and republican stump orators from one side of the country to the other. He endeavored to show that the criticism of the Supreme court in the Chicago platform was akin to sacession, but admitted that the income tax is not unconstitutional if levied in the proper manner. His declaration that silver was demonetized in 1850 and not in 1873 and that the bill of 1873 was fully and fairly discussed, was laughable in view of the facts as was his statement of what would result under free coinage, of how debts would be paid in 50 cent dollars, and that the silver mine owners, all Englishmen he said, would have their wealth doubled by receiving 100 cent dollars for 50 cent's worth of silver. His allusion to Mr. Bryan fell heavier upon the man who uttered it than upon him to whom it was directed, because it ill accords with the supposed dignity of a United States senator to descend to such tactics even in an effort to bolster up a bad cause.

It shows that with all his experience and learning Senator Hoar is utterly unable to meet, much less refute, Mr. Bryan's arguments on the currency issue. Some of Senator Hoar's leading sophistries and misstatements are exposed on the first page.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

HANNA NEEDS MONEY.

Puts on the Screws for Another Assessment—Banks Must Produce $2,000,000 More.

Mark Hanna believes, of course, in the might of money, and he thinks that if he only spends enough of it McKinley will get enough electoral votes to make him the next president of the United States. It has already cost millions to carry out the gigantic bluff of the Cleveland ironmonger that the trusts and syndicates are on top in this present contest, but there are more millions to be had, and they are being called for.

The national banks are interested equally with all the other corporate monopolies of the country in seeing the mortgaged Republican candidate installed in the White House, and Hanna has not hesitated to let them know it—at least those in the eastern states, where he feels that he can defy even those who sympathize with him, but who believe that a dollar in hand is worth two to be won through an election.

The national banks throughout the New England and middle states have just been notified by him that they must put up once more in order that the central west may be swung to McKinley next month, and, while some of the directors and stockholders are making wry faces, scarcely any of them have so far dared to refuse. The assessment is made systematically, showing the "business man in politics" in all his glory. Each bank is to pay according to its capital, and the percentage is a uniform one. The sum to be obtained is estimated at fully $2,000,000, which can at this late stage of the campaign be used for only one purpose outside of buying votes outright—a difficult thing to do under the existing ballot laws.

Such a huge campaign fund at this time means only one thing, and that is that Hanna, knowing that he cannot rely on a majority of the votes in the central and northwestern states, intends to see what he can do with the election officers—at least with those who will have the counting to do.

The News some days ago gave warning on this point, and the discovery of the raising of this new fund from the national banks is proof positive that a wholesale scheme of tampering with the votes after they have been cast is contemplated in those states which are Bryan's, but which are absolutely necessary to McKinley's election.

The Democratic managers at Chicago should be able to circumvent Mr. Hanna. In both Illinois and Indiana they have the state authorities on their side, and the enforcement of the law should be insisted on.—New York News.

A United States senator, who is now seeking the suffrages of the people, for the highest office in their power to give, says he favors a monarchy rather than the triumph of the cause of the people. If Senator Palmer ever leaves the country—and the quicker the better—to live under a monarchy, he is advised to be more careful of his speech. In some countries they take a man's head off for expressing sentiments opposed to the government under which they live.

LABOR FOR BRYAN

Straws Show How the Wind Is Blowing In Chicago.

Coercion does exist in the big concerns here to a surprising and an alarming extent. Every device is resorted to in order to ascertain the opinions of the voters, and hundreds of cases are reported of men losing their jobs for being Bryan advocates. The feeling of revolt is general, and it is doubtful if many votes will be secured by this policy. The schemes, moreover, do not always work. The Illinois Street company took a ballot of its employees. There was a separate ballot box for each candidate, and thus it was supposed that a straight tip would be obtained on each employee. Nearly every man voted at the McKinley box. When the votes were counted, much to the surprise of the company, it stood: McKinley, 285; Bryan, 2,768. —Frank K. Foster in Boston Labor Leader.

Chicago Printers For Bryan.

A poll of the leading newspapers in Chicago resulted as follows:

	Bryan.	McKinley.
Tribune	63	12
Record	82	5
Chronicle	60	10
Inter Ocean	57	18
Times-Herald	55	4
Total	317	44

The trade unionists have a silver club and hold daily meetings at noon, which are as large as the hall will hold. There is not the slightest doubt but that the overwhelming preponderance of organized labor is for Bryan all throughout the west.

Newspaper Men For Silver.

There are about 275 reporters and editorial writers employed on the Chicago papers. A careful canvass shows that 255 of them will vote for Bryan. Of the 61 writers on the staff of the Chicago Times-Herald 56 are for free silver and are earnest personal workers for Bryan and Sewall.

Hanna's Speeches.

Hanna has made as many speeches as Bryan, but they have been delivered in the back parlors of the banks.

Gold advocates say that a free silver law will "inflate" the volume of the currency. In the next breath they say that a free silver law will drive all the gold out of the country and contract the volume of currency by $600,000,000.

WONDERFUL are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and yet they are simple and natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes **PURE BLOOD.**

HIS INCONSISTENCY.

Views of Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll Four Years Ago.

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, who is now on the stump for Mark Hanna and the plutocrats, must have changed his political principles. At the Tabor Opera House in Denver May 22, 1892, he said in a public address:

"I said I would say one or two words tonight on such vulgar things as gold and silver. I am as satisfied as I am that I live that the few—the few who control the debts, the currency, the money of the world—have combined either consciously or unconsciously to make the debtor pay more than the creditor has the right to ask.

"The tendency has always been in this world to put the burden on those least able to bear them. In barbarian countries the women have to do the work simply because they are the weaker; that is all. And the others, being stronger, do not expend their strength in working, but expend their strength in making the weaker do the work.

"This is precisely the same in our civilized society today. Between the rich and the poor, if burden is to be borne in this country, it is borne always by the poor—always.

"They are the first to suffer. Let the blast of war blow in this country. Who goes to the war? The millionaire? Not one. Who goes? The great presidents of corporations? The bankers? The men who preside over our great vaults of gold? Not much. The poor go, because nine times out of ten the poorer the man is the more patriotic he seems to be. The poor bear the burdens of this country and of this world.

"Only a few years ago our money was gold and silver—money that had been the money of man for thousands of years. Our silver was demonetized and gold made the standard

"There is no man in the United States with ingenuity enough to account for the demonetization of silver in 1873. There is not one. We need altogether more money than we have.

"I believe that every ounce of silver that is dug under the American flag should be coined free under the American flag. In my country they are mostly on the other side. They are with the bankers—with the rich fellows. They get together and say we want gold. A man makes a contract to pay certain moneys in five years. I want a law so that he can pay the money when the contract comes due with the money that was money when he made the contract. I do not think the few should have the right to combine to increase the value of what people call money as against the debtor and in favor of the creditor.

"I know most people think it requires much more honesty to be ready to receive the money than it is to work in rain, snow and sleet to earn money. They think anybody could do that. And I know another thing about money. It is the most social stuff on earth. A dollar hates a poor man's pocket and will get out of it some way, and it will just roll off into a vault with a lot of companions.

"It is the most social thing in the world. But I want the free coinage of all the gold you can dig out of the mines and crevices of the rocks, and I want the free coinage of all the silver you can win from the mines of America. And if there are those who are not willing to take silver we will not trade with them. It would be a thousand times better for us if we never bought another thing from Europe."

What Mexico Lacks.

When goldbugs say that Mexico is ruined by silver, tell them that Mexico has only $4 in silver to the head of population, while France has four times as much. The trouble with Mexico is too little silver—too little cash of any kind and too much worthless corporation paper of the kind with which the wildcatters wish to flood the United States.

At first the Republican plutocrats treated the campaign of the people with sneers. Sneers finally gave way to falsehoods, and now falsehoods are sandwiched in between threats.

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

Lively Movement in Jewelry.

Away they roll, those handsome ring settings we have added to our Jewelry Stock—Don't put all your faith in silver or gold—either may depreciate in value after the election—a Diamond Ring from our stock of stones, perfectly selected and cut is always worth the money you invest in it.

J. A. Legault & Co.

One Price Jewelry Store,

CENTRAL ST., COR. PRESCOTT.

NOTICE

OF

State Election

November 3, 1896.

City of Lowell.

City Clerk's Office, October 12, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions of Title V of Chapter 417 of the Acts of the year 1885, that meetings of the citizens of Lowell qualified to vote as the law directs will be held on Tuesday, the Third day of November, 1896, in the various precincts of the several wards and at the following places:

WARD ONE.

Prect. 1.—Booth, Elliot St., cor. Middlesex St.

Prect. 2.—Jackson Hall.

Prect. 3.—Booth, cor. Bridge and First Sts.

WARD TWO.

Prect. 1.—Booth, cor Merrimack and Tremont Sts.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Mann School Yard.

Prect. 3.—Booth, North Common, opp. Morrill School.

WARD THREE.

Prect. 1.—Booth, cor. Rock and Willie Streets.

Prect. 2.—Ward Room, Engine House, Branch St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, junction of Middlesex, Branch and Dover Sts.

WARD FOUR.

Prect. 1.—Booth, cor. Thorndike and Highland Sts.

Prect. 2.—Booth, cor Congress and Gorham Sts.

Prect. 3.—Ward Room, Lyon St.

WARD FIVE.

Prect. 1.—Booth, George St., cor. Church Street.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Tyngsboro Square, Central St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, cor. Chestnut and Fayette Sts.

WARD SIX.

Prect. 1.—Booth, Bridge St., near Hampshire St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, West Third St., near Bridge St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Lakeview Ave., near Aiken Ave.

WARD SEVEN.

Prect. 1.—Ward Room, Engine House, Fletcher St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Willie St., at Lighting Station.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Riverside St., cor. Mammoth Road.

WARD EIGHT.

Prect. 1.—Booth, Chester St. cor Westford St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Plain St., near Chelmsford St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Lincoln St., near Quebec St.

WARD NINE.

Prect. 1.—Ward Room, Engine House, High St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, cor. Rogers St. and Fort Hill Ave.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Moore St., near Gorham St.

The polls to be opened at six o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Then and there to give in their votes on one ballot for—Fifteen Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States; Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary, Treasurer, Auditor, Attorney General, Councillor Sixth Councillor District; and in Wards Number Five and Nine for Senator Sixth Middlesex Senatorial District; and in Wards Number One, Two, Three, Four, Six, Seven and Eight for Senator Seventh Middlesex Senatorial District; and in Wards Number Four, Seven and Eight for three Representatives in the General Court from the Twenty-fifth Middlesex Representative District; and in Wards Number One, Two, Three and Six for three Representatives in the General Court from the Twenty-sixth Middlesex Representative District; and in Wards Number Five and Nine for two Representatives in the General Court from the Twenty-seventh Middlesex Representative District; for Clerk of Courts Middlesex County; for one County Commissioner; for Representative in Congress, Fifth District.

Also at the same time and place to give in their votes, Yes, or No, on the following proposed articles of amendment to the Constitution, to wit:

First Article of Amendment.

The Governor, and Lieutenant-Governor, and Councillors, shall hold their respective offices for two years next following the first Wednesday in the January succeeding their election, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

The first election to which this article shall apply shall be that held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in the year Eighteen Hundred and Ninety-eight; and thereafter elections for the choice of all the officers before mentioned shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.

All the provisions of the Constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

Second Article of Amendment.

Senators and Representatives shall hold their respective offices for terms of two years, beginning with the first Wednesday in the January succeeding their election.

The first election to which this article shall apply shall be that held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in the year Eighteen Hundred and Ninety-eight; and thereafter elections for the choice of Senators and Representatives shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.

The General Court shall assemble every year on the first Wednesday in January; and each General Court shall, without any proclamation or other act of the Governor, be finally dissolved on the day preceding the day appointed for the first assembling of the next elected General Court.

All the provisions of the Constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

Also to give in their votes, Yes or No, on the question of the acceptance of Chapter 415 of the Acts of 1896, entitled "An Act to amend the Charter of the City of Lowell."

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

GIRARD P. DADMAN,
City Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

In Board of Aldermen, Sept. 15, 1896.

Order authorizing and directing the City Clerk to publish Chapter 415 of the Acts of 1896.

Ordered by the City Council of the City of Lowell, assembled, as follows:

That the City Clerk be and he is hereby authorized and directed to publish in each of the daily papers printed in Lowell, for the information of the citizens of said Lowell, Chapter 415 of the Acts of the Legislature passed in 1896, said chapter being entitled "An Act to amend the Charter of the City of Lowell."

In Board of Aldermen, Sept. 15, 1896.
Read and adopted.

GIRARD P. DADMAN,
City Clerk.

In Common Council, Sept. 21, 1896.
Read and adopted in concurrence.

FRANK N. OWEN, Clerk.

Approved.

WM. F. COURTNEY, Mayor.

Oct. 9th, 1896.

(Chap. 415.)

An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Lowell.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 1. All executive powers which are now by law vested in the City Council of the city of Lowell, or either branch thereof, shall hereafter be vested in and exercised by the mayor of said city, except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

Section 2. The mayor may suspend or remove any executive or administrative officer, except as hereinafter provided, for such cause as he shall deem sufficient, and shall set forth in the order of suspension or removal his reasons therefor; provided that no removal shall be made upon partisan grounds. The order of suspension or removal shall not take effect until it is approved by the city council voting by yeas and nays. The city council may by a two thirds vote in each branch, voting by yeas and nays, remove any of said officers without the consent of the mayor: provided, however, that nothing contained in this section shall apply to any of the following departments, namely:—The school committee, the police commission, the water board, the overseers of the poor, or the trustees of the public library.

Section 3. There shall be a department of supplies, and all material and supplies for the city shall be purchased by the chief or head of such department, subject to the approval of the mayor. So far as is practicable purchases shall be after public advertisement and under contract approved by the mayor. All bills for material and supplies shall show the date of purchase, date of delivery, the unit of price, the quality and quantity of articles purchased and received, the number and date of the order for purchase, and if the purchase is under contract, the number and date of the contract; and shall be entered in full in an invoice book, which shall always be open to public inspection. The chief of this department shall be elected by the qualified voters of the city voting at the annual municipal election, and shall hold his office for the next municipal year thereafter, subject to the provisions of section two of this act.

Section 4. The mayor shall cause to be kept a record of all his official acts, and to aid him in his official duties may appoint one or more clerks.

Section 5. The heads of the several departments and offices shall have the power to appoint and employ and to discharge all subordinate officers and employees in their respective departments; and they shall keep a record, subject to inspection, of all so appointed and employed and of all discharged, and in all cases of discharge the grounds therefor, provided, however, that no removals shall be made upon partisan grounds.

Section 6. The heads of the several departments and offices shall have the general charge and management of all matters pertaining to their respective departments, and shall make and execute all contracts necessary therefor, except for the purchase of material and supplies; but every contract made as aforesaid in which the amount involved exceeds three hundred dollars shall be approved by the mayor before going into effect: provided, that nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the city council by ordinance from transferring any of the duties imposed upon an appointed head of a department by this act or by ordinance, excepting the purchase of material and supplies, to another head of a department or board or commission.

Section 7. Neither the city council nor either branch thereof, nor any committee or member thereof, shall directly or indirectly take part in the employment of labor, the purchase of material, the construction, alteration or repair of any public works or other property, or in the care, custody or management of the same, or in general in the expenditure of public money or in the conduct of the executive or administrative business of the city, except as may be necessary for defraying the contingent and incidental expenses of the city council or of either branch thereof; nor shall they or either of them take part in the making of contracts.

Section 8. No sum appropriated for a specific purpose shall be expended for any other purpose; and no expenditure shall be made and no liability shall be incurred by or on behalf of the city until the city council has duly voted an appropriation sufficient to meet such expenditure or liability, together with all prior unpaid liabilities which are payable therefrom, except that after the expiration of the financial year and before the making of the regular annual appropriations, liabilities payable out of the regular appropriation may be incurred to an amount not exceeding one sixth of the total of the appropriation made for similar purposes in the preceding year: provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to restrict or limit the school committee in any expenditure which it is now or may be hereafter authorized to make under any general law of the Commonwealth, or to restrict or limit payments on account of the permanent or temporary debt, or such as are required by law to be made to the Commonwealth.

Section 9. All revenues and all moneys accruing to the city of Lowell from any source whatever, except trust funds and the revenues of the water department, shall when collected or paid into the treasury be carried to one general account, to be known as the General Treasury Fund; and all appropriations by or on behalf of said city, except from trust funds and on account of the water department, shall be from such fund and as provided in section ten of this act.

Section 10. All bills or other claims, before they are finally certified by the auditor or paid, shall pass the inspection of a committee of the city council on accounts. Such committee shall consist of one member of the board of aldermen and two members of the common council, to be elected annually by ballot by the body they respectively represent. Said committee may report any such bill or claim to the city council with their reasons therefor, and no bill or claim so reported shall be passed by the auditor or be paid without the consent of the council. Said committee may require the opinion of the city solicitor as to the legality of a bill or other claim.

Section 11. A yea and nay vote of the members of the city council shall be required to pass any order or vote involving the expenditure or appropriation of the public moneys, or involving any debt or liability, and said vote shall be entered upon the records of each branch of the city council.

Section 12. Less than a quorum of either branch of the city council, or of the school committee, or of the board of overseers of the poor, may adjourn to a fixed day earlier than the next regular meeting, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members in such manner as the city council may by ordinance provide.

Section 13. All acts or parts of acts and all ordinances of the city of Lowell inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed and annulled: provided, that no act or ordinance heretofore repealed shall thereby be revived: and provided, also, that nothing in this act shall be taken to prohibit the city council from abolishing any department, board, office or commission created by ordinance.

Section 14. The question of the acceptance of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the city of Lowell at the annual state election in the present year, and the affirmative votes of a majority of the voters present and voting thereon shall be required for such acceptance. If so accepted so much thereof as provides for the election of a chief of the department of supplies shall take effect at the next annual municipal election, and the act shall take full effect on the first Monday of January in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-seven. (Approved May 16, 1896.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

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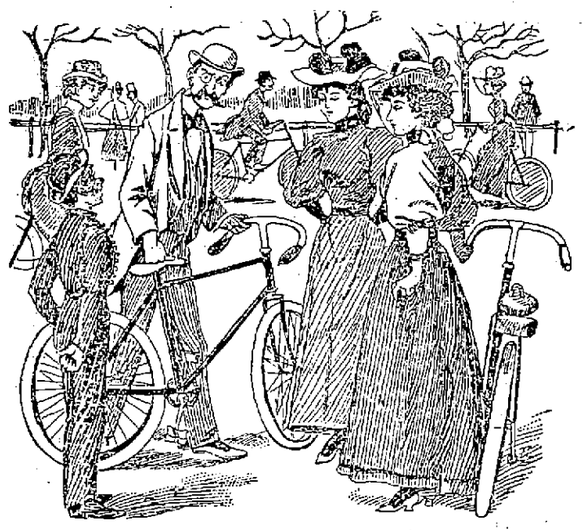
(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F.D., 4 Cedar St., New York.



Captain Snob: "Yes; it is a good machine; it cost me over £70."

Buttons (suddenly arriving): "If you please, sir, master says have you done with his machine, because he wants it."

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When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as

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9 TIMES OUT OF 10.

When you look at your watch and some one sees you and asks you the time you will look again. It wasn't important enough to fix it on their mind but when you have tried most everything for your cough and have at last found relief by using "Goodale's Cough Cure" you remember it. It has that peculiarity of hitting the cough almost every time. 25c.

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street.

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THEY ARE DEALERS IN FINE ARTISTS MATERIALS.

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DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

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If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

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Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

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KENDAL WESTON, - - - - - Manager

This Week Only.

THE BIGGEST KIND OF SUCCESS

"CAMILLE"

Great Production—Crowded Houses—Great Enthusiasm.

Rose Stahl as Camille—Kendal Weston as Armand.

TURKISH COFFEE and Smoking Room.

Matinee prices, Lower Floor 25c, Balcony 15c. Evening prices 15, 25, 35 and 50c, Box seats 75c.

Evenings at 8 o'clock. Wednesday and Saturday Matinees at 2.30. Carriages at 10.40 p. m. Seats on sale at Theatre and Ellingwood's Drug Store, Merrimack square one week in advance.

Next week Sardou's Great Comedy "A Scrap of Paper."

Music Hall

Oct. 22, 23, 24.

MAY SMITH ROBBINS,

—IN—

"Little Trixie"

Oct. 26, 27, 28.

CHARLES LEONARD FLETCHER,

and a Star Company in

"DR. JEKYLL AND Mr. HYDE."

By permission of Richard Mansfield elaborated and improved with Comedy Acts, Scenic Features and other popular additions.

A Thrilling Play. The Event of the Season.

Baby Show

HUNTINGTON HALL

2.30 to 4.40 p. m.

SATURDAY, Nov. 7.

ENTRY BLANK.

Child's Name, ...
Age . . . . . .
Residence, ...
Parents, ...

Address "Baby Show," Citizen-Courier Office Lowell.

All babies under 2½ years eligible. Many valuable prizes for handsomest, Fattest, Smallest, Best Natured, etc. Special prizes for Twins and Triplets. Handsome prizes to the winners. The hall will be nice and warm.

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OFFICE:

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SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Comnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

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With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

FALL MILLINERY

Stock new, complete, novel, artistic. Our Prices are the lowest in town.

ABBIE M. SMITH

175 Merrimack Street.

Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant.

YOUR FALL OUTFIT.

That is, all the essential articles such as Hats, Gloves, Fancy Bosom Shirts, Neckwear, etc., that figure in apparel of the well dressed man may be found in our stock. Not an out-of-date article in any of these lines. Come in and look them over.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

IF YOU ARE NOT AN EXPERT IN *Arithmetic*

It will pay you to take a course in the business department of the New England Business University. All our courses are thoroughly up-to-date, and are presented in a practical and interesting manner. We give the student Actual Business from the start in all departments, and our graduates are thoroughly competent office assistants.

If possible enter on or before Sept. 21st. School now in session. Call and see us.

GLICK & YOUNG, Props.

CRISP'S PASSING

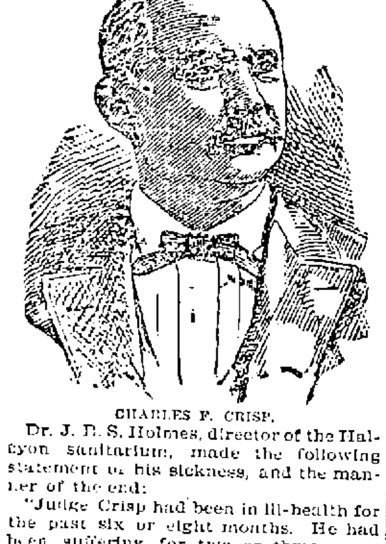
Death Came as a Welcome Relief.

HE HAD BEEN ON THE WAY TO RECOVERY

When Seized With Congestion of the Lungs.

Atlanta, Oct. 24.—Charles F. Crisp, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, died here yesterday.

The end came at 1:45. Mr. Crisp has been an inmate of the sanitarium of Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, in this city, for several weeks. His condition had been reported as very low, but no fatal conclusion to his sickness had been expected so soon.



CHARLES F. CRISP.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, director of the Halcyon sanitarium, made the following statement of his sickness, and the manner of the end:

"Judge Crisp had been in ill-health for the past six or eight months. He had been suffering for two or three years with intense pains, coming at intervals, in the chest. He had two attacks of pneumonia, one about four years ago, and the other about two years ago. On account of ill-health, he had to give up his joint debates, last summer with Hoke Smith. After the speeches in June, he went to Asheville, N. C., and spent some time there. From there he went to Tate Springs, and remained until about the middle of August, then going to his home in Americus. There he was taken with malaria fever. He came to Atlanta for treatment. He came here to the sanitarium on Sept. 16. I examined him carefully and found evidence of his previous attacks of pleuro-pneumonia. His fever yielded to the treatment, and 10 days ago he was considered convalescent. He was out driving several times last week, even as late as last Sabbath, and was feeling unusually well on that day. Sunday night he was attacked with congestion of the lungs. He suffered intensely all day Monday, and Tuesday he was still in bed. He was better Wednesday. Yesterday he had a favorable day. The lung trouble yielded very satisfactorily to the treatment. Last night he was visited with very severe pains in the chest, that occurred at very short intervals. He continued to have these paroxysms until this afternoon, when he suddenly expired, probably from rupture of the heart, and the result of fatty degeneration."

Washington, Oct. 24.—Speaker Crisp's death was not altogether a surprise in political circles, as it had been known for some months that he had not long to live, and never again could be an active figure in public affairs. The speaker had several spells of sickness in Washington. He suffered from asthma, and later from heart trouble. His ill-health, however, did not become a matter of public notoriety until the past spring, when he was compelled to abandon a series of joint debates, arranged with ex-Secretary Hoke Smith, by reason of the advice of his physicians that it would imperil his life for him to continue the debate, which had attracted great state, as well as national interest, by reason of the fact that it involved the position of the Democratic party of the state on the silver question, as well as the senatorship from Georgia, for which the ex-speaker was an active candidate. The silver men won their fight, and Mr. Crisp, had he lived, would have been the next senator from Georgia.

He was a forceful speaker, but a man of great tact, and possessed of other qualities that eminently fitted him for leadership in a parliamentary assemblage. His first prominence in national affairs came from the skill with which he led his party in several warm election contests. The prestige he then acquired led to his election to the speakership, after one of the most memorable canvasses in the history of the house. His chief opponent was Senator Roger Q. Mills of Texas, whom he defeated after a struggle that was prolonged so that the house of representatives, contrary to custom, assembled on the opening day with the question of its next speaker still in doubt.

As speaker, Mr. Crisp was fair, but firm. His rulings have been upheld, and though sometimes they were the object of considerable criticism from his political opponents, he always commanded their respect and confidence.

He was a pronounced advocate of the free coinage of silver, and on one occasion his casting vote as speaker saved the defeat of a free coinage bill. On the other hand, it was largely due to his firmness in ruling that passed the Sherman silver repeal law through the house. His ruling defeating a formidable filibustering movement, led by Mr. Bland of Missouri, and others.

Charles F. Crisp was born in England in 1845, and came to this country when a child. His parents were actors, and so was young Crisp for a while. He served in the Confederate army, and afterward studied law and practiced for six years. He was made solicitor general, and afterward a judge of the supreme court, but gave up his judicial office to accept an election in the Georgia legislature. In 1882 he was elected to congress, and was a hard working member of that body for several years. While speaker of the house he declined the appointment as senator, to succeed Colquitt, because he thought he could be more use to his party where he was. He married Clara Bell Burton. Mr. and Mrs. Crisp had seven children, of whom four are living.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

LORD SALISBURY

Ordered the Release of Kidnapped Chinaman.

WHO WAS THREATENED WITH DEATH AS A SPY

In Case He Could Not Be Smuggled Away.

London, Oct. 24. — The Marquis of Salisbury, yesterday, demanded the release of Sun-Wen, the Chinese physician, said to be a British subject, who was, according to the statement of his friends, kidnapped while passing the Chinese legation here, and who was held a prisoner on the charge of having been engaged in a conspiracy to overthrow the Manchu dynasty.

Detectives formed a complete cordon around the Chinese legation, every door and window was watched, and they were ordered to seize Sun-Wen and release him if he was brought out.

The Marquis of Salisbury had read a number of affidavits in the case, and immediately sent a strongly worded letter to the Chinese envoy, pointing out that the method adopted by the legation in arresting Sun-Wen was not needed, as the courts were open to the Chinese officials to obtain any criminal, or other legal process. The premier also said that he could not fail to point out that the act savored of unfriendliness, as a seeming violation of the right of asylum to which England was committed by every tradition and belief, and he asked the envoy to immediately release the imprisoned Chinaman and so avoid further unpleasantness.

Later in the day Sir Halliday Macartney, the counsellor of the Chinese legation, called at the foreign office and said that Sun-Wen would be released without prejudice to the rights of the legation, which was involved. In accordance with the statement of Sir Halliday Macartney, Sun-Wen was released at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

After his release, Sun-Wen, in an interview, denied that he entered the Chinese legation of his own accord, as claimed by the Chinese officials. He said he was passing the legation, which, at the time, he did not know as the Chinese official headquarters in London, when he met a Chinaman, with whom he got into conversation. The stranger, in the course of a chat with Sun-Wen, said that he also came from Canton, and, walking along, they soon met another Chinaman, who, it appears, emerged from the legation, and was introduced to Sun-Wen by the first Chinaman, who, it develops, was the interpreter of the Chinese legation, and who is named Tang. After talking a little, the party was joined by another Chinaman, and Tang thereupon left. Continuing, Sun-Wen said:

"We then returned, and passing the legation, the two remaining Chinamen asked me to enter. Before I could reply they pushed me inside the door, and slammed it behind me. Once inside the building, I was forced upstairs to the fourth story by my companions, who were big men, and who locked me in a room. Almost immediately afterward a gentleman (described as being Sir Macartney) entered, and said: 'You are in China now.' He asked me if my name was Sun-Wen, and when I acquiesced, he said he arrested me upon information received from the Chinese minister at Washington, who had cabled the Chinese legation here that Sun-Wen was on board the Majestic.

"The next day," continued Sun-Wen, "Tang appeared, and said: 'Everything is settled. We are going to bind and gag you, and to carry you out at night on board a ship we have chartered. If we can't smuggle you away, we can kill you, as this is China,' meaning the legation."

Sun-Wen further stated, in reply to questions on the subject, that he was provided with food when he asked for it and it seems that his friends succeeded in communicating with him, through the English servants of the legation, by means of notes, hidden among the coals.

The Times, in an editorial, does not doubt that the foreign office will find means of making the rulers of China understand that they have gone a little too far in the kidnapping of Sun-Wen, and they must not again offend similarly. We are surprised, says The Times, that Sir Halliday Macartney (the counsellor of the Chinese legation) acquiesced in such a transaction.

Exchanging Congratulations.

Rome, Oct. 24.—The King and Queen of Italy, and the crown prince, surrounded by the court officials, held a solemn reception at the palace yesterday, to which all the ministers, the presidents of the chambers, and a large number of senators and deputies were invited. The presidents of the chambers presented their majesties with an address of congratulation upon the approaching marriage of the Prince of Naples to the Princess Helene of Montenegro. King Humbert, in replying, dwelled upon the two dynasties, alike, he said, in valors at arms, love of the fatherland and in generous efforts to elevate the people. His majesty added that the Prince of Naples, in his choice of a wife belonging to a race of brave defenders of their nation and independence, believed that in his heart the names of the two houses were synonymous of liberty and independence.

Liberal Government Prospers.

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—The financial statement of the Dominion of Canada, for the first three months of the Liberal government, shows an increase in the revenue of every department of the service. The public debt was reduced by over $3,000,000, while the general expenditure was also reduced. During the last year of the late government, up to June 30 last, the deficit was $363,000, and there was added to the public debt $5,000,000. The trade returns for the three months, up to Sept. 30 last, show an increase of $7,000,000, in exports and imports.

Smashup In Cuba.

Habana, Oct. 24.—A rear-end collision, between two military trains, has occurred at the station at Guines, Habana, as the result of which the last car of the forward train was smashed and four soldiers killed, 29 wounded, and one major and eight officers wounded. The engineer and fireman of the latter train have been arrested, on the ground that they did not obey a signal to stop.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

WAS MURDER SURE.

Andrus Was Killed by an Anarchist Plot.

WIRES IN CEILING SET OFF THE BOMB.

A Brother of the Deceased Charges the Anarchists.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 23.—There is no longer any doubt that Hamlin J. Andrus, secretary of the Arlington Chemical Co., who was instantly killed a few days ago by the explosion of a bomb in his office was the victim of an assassin's plot. It has been deen discovered that the bomb was ignited by insulated wires in the ceiling.

Vigorous efforts will be made to find the perpetrators, but as yet there is no clew.

New York, Oct. 23.—The World this afternoon states that the brother of H. J. Andrus, who was killed in yesterday's explosion in Yonkers, asserts that his brother was murdered by anarchists and that he was the first victim of a plot that had scores of names on its death list.

Two men, he says, are under suspicion. He believes the plan was to murder all rich men of Yonkers and many in New York. A large number of detectives are at work on the case.

TWO VESSELS GO DOWN

AS A RESULT OF AN EXPLOSION.

The Engineer and the Owner Lost and a Coal Barge Sunk With Tug.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

New York, Oct. 23.—The boiler of the tug Wm. Howe at her dock at the foot of Court street, Brooklyn, blew up early this morning. The sinking of the boat probably caused the death of the engineer and owner, Alonzo Lewis, who it is believed went down with her. A fireman and deck hand were also injured and the force of the explosion caused the sinking of a loaded coal barge nearby.

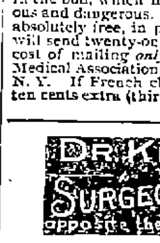
Fifteen Thousand Destitute.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Constantinople, Oct. 23.—The British committee appointed to investigate the cause of the recent disorders here, computes that 15,000 Armenians in Constantinople and suburbs have been rendered destitute as a result of the late massacres.

Constipation is the start of nearly all sickness in the world. It not only makes a man sick, but it depresses him mentally. It gives him "the blues." He is plunged in the depths of despondency. As he gets rid of his constipation, he feels himself lifted out of the depressing darkness back into the light of health and good feeling. The alarming prevalence of this really dangerous, seemingly insignificant disorder, many years ago induced Dr. Pierce to prepare his since world-famous "Pleasant Pellets." They are designed to do just one thing, and they do it. They restore the bowels and liver to a healthy, natural action. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild purgative They cure headache, heart-burn, sour stomach, flatulency, biliousness, foul taste in the mouth, and all the other disagreeable symptoms of constipation. Druggists sell them, but look out that your druggist is honest with you, and gives you what you ask for. Don't accept a substitute.

There would be less sickness in America if every home library contained a copy of Doctor Pierce's great work, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is exactly what its name implies. It is the people's text-book of medicine, prepared by a regular, practicing physician, eminent in his profession, and now—as for thirty years—the head of one of the greatest medical and surgical institutes in the world—The Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. It is full of simple, inexpensive, common sense remedies for the cure of the common ailments that arise in every family. By following its advice, many illnesses are nipped in the bud, which might otherwise become serious and dangerous. This great book will be sent absolutely free, in paper-covers, to any one who will send twenty-one one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. If French cloth binding is desired, send ten cents extra (thirty-one cents in all).



DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST 161 CENTRAL ST. OPPOSITE THE WASHINGTON HOUSE

GOOD NEWS

For those that want to

Save Money

We have just bought of the Manufacturer

500 PAIRS OF SHOES

Ranging in price from

15 TO 50 CENTS

a pair. These shoes are slightly soiled, but they will wear as well as higher priced ones. We also have 200 pairs of MISSES' BUTTON SHOES and RUBBERS, sizes from 11 to 2 and will close them out at 85 cents at

WILLIAM WADES

TWO DOORS BELOW OLD POSTOFFICE

CARLISLE AND HAMLIN

MR. O'CONNELL CHALLENGED BOTH TO JOINT DEBATE

Upon Well Defined Issues of the Compaign—Principally on Finance.

B. D. O'Connell, Esq., has challenged Hon. John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, and Hon. Charles S. Hamlin, assistant secretary, to a joint debate upon any date and at any place they may appoint.

Mr. O'Connell sent each a typewritten letter couched in the most courteous language, inviting them to a joint debate of certain points specified.

The letter to Mr. Hamlin resembles that sent to Mr. Knox in the points chosen for debate, but that sent to Mr. Carlisle is more general in scope and has reference more to matters directly under Mr. Carlisle's official jurisdiction.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

Oliver W. Peabody of the well known banking firm of Kidder, Peabody & Co., of Boston, died this morning.

Wheat prices throughout Manitoba and the northwest continue at top notch, being in no way affected by the speculative American markets.

The St. Louis Republic today publishes a story to the effect that the American syndicate has secured control of the famous underground railways of London.

The schooner Maggie Abbott, from St. John, N. B., for City Island, N. Y., with lumber, went ashore at Watch Hill reef near Wakefield, R. I.

George W. Baker, a pioneer manufacturer of sewing machines here and at Hinsdale, N. H., is dead. He was the principal inventor of the White machine.

The Woman's Press association of San Francisco has arranged to receive with honor the body of Kate Field when it arrives there.

Capt. Gen. Pavia of Spain is dead.

Will Float Tomorrow.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 23.—The steamer Spartan, Windsor line, which went ashore Oct. 12, on Hereford Inlet bar, was floated at seven o'clock this morning without injury. It is expected to arrive here this afternoon.

Another Good Sign.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

St. Louis, Oct. 23. — Niedingham's Stamping and Tin Plate mills which have been idle for four months will resume work on Monday. They employ 2000 men.

Strike of Moulders.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Noblesville, Ind., Oct. 23.—All the moulders in the American Carbon works struck yesterday. The rules were changed to require 97 per cent. of perfect carbons instead of 92 as formerly which is practically a reduction in wages.

FELL TWO STORIES.

A Canadian Boy Broke His Leg on Lilley Avenue.

Renul Parault, a young boy, fell from a second story landing of the house numbered 20 Lilley avenue and broke two bones in his left leg. He was removed to St. John's hospital.

STEPPED FROM TRAIN

And Was Then Taken Home in the Ambulance.

Timothy Leary, a one armed man residing at 204 Lincoln street, Ayer city, was struck by a train at Ayer City last night and badly injured. He was taken to his home.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Savoy Theatre.

"Camille" this week at the Savoy is a tremendous success and has placed the young manager-actor, Kendall Weston high in the estimation of Lowell theatre patrons. No handsomer stage settings, better acting or refinement could be found in a New York theatre, and the confidence of every patron is immediately won.

"A Scrap of Paper" next Monday will prove equally as interesting as "Camille" as it has a great cast and will be beautifully staged. The second act, representing a bachelor's den, is one of the oddest scenes set upon the English speaking stage, and it will have every possible detail carried out to make it perfect.

Mr. William J. Freeman, popular among the young people of Lowell in the clubs and as the leading photographer has become financially interested in the Savoy Theatre and from this time on will be connected with the theatre as its treasurer which means even greater success than the cosy little play house has already achieved.

Music Hall.

May Smith Robbins was seen in "Little Trixie" last night and her clever work was enjoyed by a large audience.

It is what may be termed a laughable success, being a feast of fun an a flow of music, and is presented by a royal coterie of cultivated artists. It bids fair to attract large audiences during the rest of the week.

BACHELORS' CLUB

Held the First of a Series of Sociables Last Night.

The first of a series of socials to be held by the Bachelor club this winter, took place last night in Prescott hall, and judging from the number present was quite successful. There were about 40 couples in the march which was led by Floor Director Melrose Titus and Miss Annie Welch. Hibbard's orchestra furnished the music and it delighted the many out of town guests. The lemonade table was presided over by Misses Pearl C. Honey and Sadie M. McDonald. The following were the officers:

General manager, Thomas T. French; floor director, Melrose C. Titus; aids, Albert G. McCurdy, Fred H. Cole, George E. Titus, Fred B. Brannon, J. Fred Wilson, Marion S. Clark, George MacDonald, Walter H. Emmott, Olin C. Johnson, Leonard J. Jewett, A. J. Baxter and Wm. E. Robinson.

FUNERALS.

CROWLEY—The funeral of Kate Crowley took place this afternoon from her late home, on Suffolk street, and was very largely attended. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

HAZARD—The funeral of Herbert Hazard took place yesterday afternoon from his parents' home, 73 Railroad street. Service was conducted by Rev. John M. Green. The funeral offerings included a pillow from the parents, and a spray of 18 tea roses from his sisters. The remains were sent to New Hampshire for burial.

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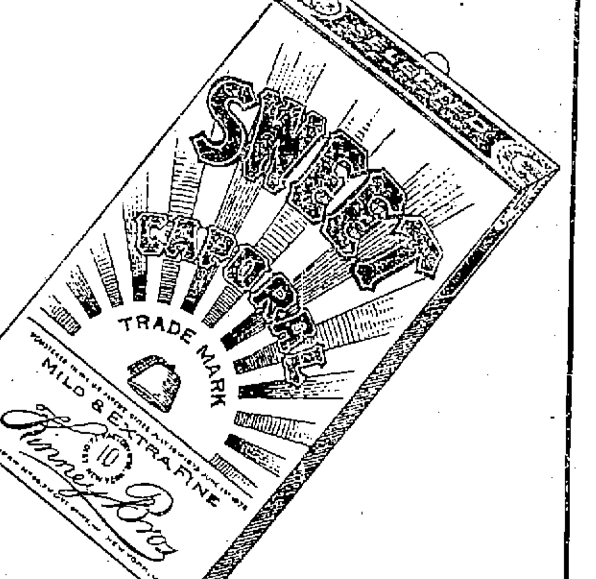
FREE BUTTONS!

AN ELEGANT BUTTON FREE with each package of



SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES

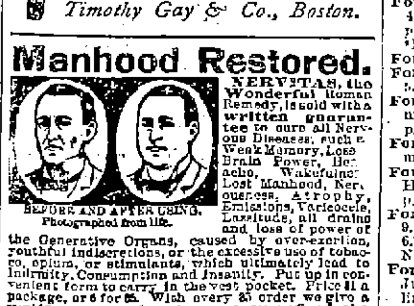
AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A COLLECTION OF BUTTONS WITHOUT COST.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.



Havana Filler.

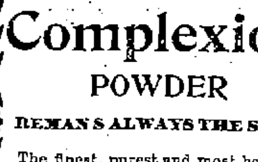
Sumatra Wrapper.

Skilled Workmanship.

This combination is what makes every Tim cigar so good. Five cents everywhere.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING. Photographed from life.

NERVITAS, the Wonderful Roman Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Atrophy, Emissions, Varicocele, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 356 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL. Or you can buy it of druggists below: Ellingwood & Co. & Goodale's Drug Store LOWELL. MASS.

FASHIONS CHANGE BUT POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used is Invisible. If you have never tried POZZONI'S you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to Oct. 4, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.30, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.45, 2.30, 3.20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 12.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.30 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, and way stations, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., and the Provinces, 5.10 p. m., except Saturday. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, 8.30. a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays, 12.05 p. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Tuesdays and Friday at 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 4, 1896, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5 45, 6 30, ¶6 50, *7 45, *8 50, ¶9 00, *9 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, ¶3.00, 4.25, ¶5 36 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5 48, 6 33, ¶6 53, 7 01, 7 18, *7 27 7 33, *7 48, *8 57, 9 03, *9 50 11 03, 11 42 a. m 12 16, 1 43, ¶3 03, *3 55, 4 00, 4 28, 5 22, 5 38, 6 21 7 51 p. m. SUNDAYS, *7 18, *7.27, 8 48, *9.19 a. m.; 4 25, 5 58 p. m.
For Woburn, 6 30, 7 01, 7 33, 7 45, 11 00 a.m.; 1 40, 4 28, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m., 4 25, 5 58 p. m.
*Express. ¶Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, 7.53 a. m.; 1.28, 5.53 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.13 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield. 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.13, 9.40, 10.00 a. m.; 12.09, 1.00, 1.40, 3.43, 5.40, 6.17, *8.13, 8.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.00 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.08 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.12, 8.40 p.m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.40 a. m; 12.09, 1.40 (to Franklin only), 5.40, †8.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.40 a.m.; 1.40, †8.40 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.40 a. m.; 12.09, †8.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.40 a. m.; †8.40 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke —1.40, 8.40 p. m., daily except Sunday.
† Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue Telephone Number 474-4.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

VELOCIPEDES
TRICYCLES
EXPRESS WAGONS
PROPELLER WAGONS
DOLL CARRIAGES
TOYS OF ALL KINDS
FRUIT PICKERS
APPLE PARERS

You Can Buy of

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 16, Hildreth Building. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY. Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

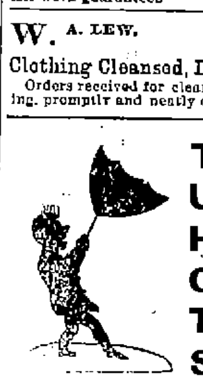
JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty All work guaranteed

W. A. LEW, 40 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.



This Umbrella Has Cone To Smash.

I will take it to Austin's and have it repaired. He will put a new cover on it and do anything else needed in a first class manner at a reasonable price.

C. E. AUSTIN, 19 Bridge Street.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Artists Materials of all descriptions for China Water color and oil painting, China to be fired should be left at our store Saturday.

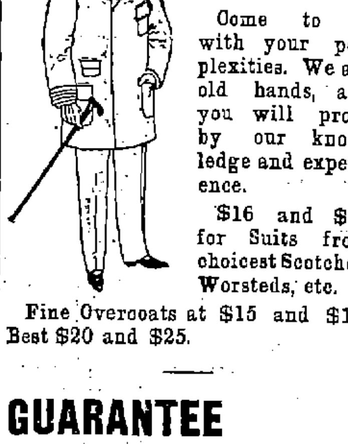
63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

Did you know that BERTRAND, THE TAILOR 24 Middle Street, Makes clothing for the best dressed people in town? Try him with an order for a Fall Suit or Overcoat.

"A Noble Piece of Work is Man"

When his beauty lines have been brought out to advantage by the tailor.

Few are proportionate, all lose natural proportion as the years go by.



Thus ready-made garments are impossible as regards fit in the true sense.

Come to us with your perplexities. We are old hands, and you will profit by our knowledge and experience.

$16 and $18 for Suits from choicest Scotches, Worsteds, etc.

Fine Overcoats at $15 and $18. Best $20 and $25.

GUARANTEE TAILORING CO.

42 Central Street.

WANT COLUMN.

SECURE EMPLOYMENT — Learn dress cutting and work for us. Positions given to competent pupils. Room 53, Central block.

TENEMENT TO LET—Small lower tenement at No. 11 James street. Inquire of Mrs. A. B. Chailloux, with J. L. Chailloux, Central street.

FOUND—A ladies' pocketbook containing money. Owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Apply at Waverly house.

WANTED.—Thousands of mechanics of all kinds to use "Saproshine" for cleaning their soiled and calloused hands. Ask grocers for it.

GOOD INVESTMENT.—500 shares stock in active company for sale at $4 per share, must be sold to settle estate. Address post office box 1804, Boston.

WANTED—Furniture, carriages to store; at 183 Chelmsford street.

FOR SALE—In Centralville new cottage house, 4200 feet of land. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A position as stenographer and typewriter; experienced; mercantile or legal work; can give good recommendation; also good references. Address R, Sun office, Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE—Near Stevens street, new two story house, 5000 feet of land. This is a bargain. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land, Price $1850. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE -In N. H., large farm of 100 acres. Large house, two good barns, lots of fruit, good sugar orchard. lots of wood and timber. If you want a farm call and see. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 76 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

LOWELL RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 582-4.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE OF TRUNKS and BAGS

Our entire stock of TRUNKS, BAGS, POCKET-BOOKS, STRAPS, etc., to be Slaughtered at prices unheard of.

LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

P. DEVINE, Prop.,

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 Central Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING! Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.

DAVIS & NICKERSON, Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET. New Goods Arriving Every Week.

VERY LITTLE EFFORT Will enable you to reach us—JUST A CARD.

Telling us to get your sleigh and put it in running order.

You will be none too early if you do it TODAY.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Kitson Building, Worthen Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Gorham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

SCHOOL SHOES For Boys and Girls

Shoes that will stand the strain of HARD WEAR AT EASY PRICES.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN. - - Prop.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:09; sets, 4:53.
Length of day—10h. 39m.
Moon rises—6:03 p. m.
Full sea—12:30 a. m.; 12:45 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Threatening weather and rain, followed by clearing weather in western portion; brisk southerly winds, shifting to northerly in southerly portion, and becoming high off the coast; cooler.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Winter Arrangement, Oct. 4, 1896.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 50	6 00	§7 07
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 51
6 59	8 08	6 40	§7 36
§7 01	7 56	8 00	9 11
*§7 18	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 27	8 12	*9 00	§9 40
§7 35	8 50	*9 15	§10 25
*7 45	8 25	10 00	11 15
*8 59	9 19	10 45	11 38
9 00	10 30	11 30	§12 07
9 44	10 20	12 00	§12 50
11 00	12 30	*1 00	§1 35
§11 45	12 25	2 00	3 01
§12 15	1 07	*3 00	§3 [illegible]
1 30	2 55	3 30	4 20
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 32
*§3 55	4 40	*5 00	5 41
4 25	5 40	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 31	6 18	6 15	7 3[illegible]
*6 21	7 07	*7 30	8 10
*§7 51	8 20	*8 00	§8 40
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 25

Sunday Trains.

§7 18	8 02	9 15	§9 57
§7 27	8 12	10 00	§11 07
8 45	9 20	1 00	§1 57
§3 19	[illegible]	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	5 32	7 20	§8 10
§6 55	7 [illegible]	8 00	§8 42
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 02	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 40
10 30	12 02	11 55	1 05
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 50	3 40	4 55
2 30	3 47	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	5 01	6 26
4 05	5 25	5 01	7 05
5 10	6 43	6 35	7 45
6 15	7 16	9 45	10 41
7 00	8 07	11 15 ıı	12 15
9 30	10 41		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 55
1 15	6 20	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 58	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 35		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

ıı Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS.

Always wins, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

Messrs. John and Daniel McDonald have returned from Nova Scotia.

The engagement is announced of William T. Day to Miss Jennie Ashworth.

The Bijou Theatre is a desirable location for society hall, club rooms, or mercantile business and can be rented.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

Lost.—On Merrimack street, a lady's gold watch, with chain and charm. Finder will be rewarded by calling at Sun office.

Wanted—A good canvasser. Man who has had experience. Must give reference. A Catholic preferred. Address X, Sun office.

Evangelist Moody will pass through Lowell on Monday and a mass meeting will be held in the First Congregational church.

The alumni association of St. Patrick's Boys' school will meet at the school at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning to arrange for a sociable.

Mrs. Alice E. Hutchinson observed her 13th birthday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Stearns at 155 Hale street last evening. A very pleasant party was held.

Two bicycles were stolen from the Tremont and Suffolk yard yesterday. They were the property of Calvin L. Joy, 403 Bridge street and Frank Tosti, 9 Court avenue.

Wear White Bros. & Co.'s "box calf" shoes, sold by J. L. Chalifoux. This leather is guaranteed water proof by these celebrated Lowell tanners. Mr. Chalifoux has these goods both for ladies and gentlemen.

Some members of the Lowell campaign clubs who went to Peabody Thursday night saved a little girl, named Myrtle Le Freniere, *from being assaulted by* Melville F. Foole of Salem. Yesterday in the police court, Foole was held in $600 for trial next Tuesday.

New Fuel.

Dr. Brissert of this city has succeeded in solidifying crude petroleum so that it may be used as coal is used.

Wedding Rings, Wedding Presents,
To suit every person at J. D. Grant's. 64 Merrimack street.

Statue Committee Suit.

It is expected that the suit of *Danserean* vs. members of the Fr. Garin statue committee, will be called some day next week at the session of the superior court in Hampden county.

This is an action of tort brought by the plaintiff, who says that he should have been awarded the contract for the construction of the Fr. Garin statue on the ground that he was the lowest bidder.

Mdle. P. L. Gregoire

Has received from Paris a letter from Mdle. Fanery. Among many things mentioned the round hat, large crown, medium height, worked with pailletes d'or, and the moss drapery, is much worn this fall. Everything is draped. It is the chic of the modiste Parisienne which is revealed in the way of handling her velvet.

For trimming there is the moire souple ribbon, the latest nouveaute this winter. The greatest success of the season is the fantasie coq. placed on pink moirie foundation, which are draped in 100 different styles. The tones are yellow red, red coquelicot. The moss green de l'emeraude jusqu' au nil.

Lowell Textile School.

The committee on construction of the Lowell Textile school held a meeting at treasurer Talbot's office in Boston yesterday and elected Christopher P. Brooks, a native of Lancashire, England, director of the Lowell school and professor of of cotton spining and weaving.

He founded the textile department of the school of science, art and technology at Blackburn, Lancashire and was in charge there for several years. He was afterwards appointed by the City Guild of the London Institute to whose supervision and abundant resources technical education in England owed so largely its development, examiner for all England of textile schools, serving in that capacity five years.

Les Miserable bowling alleys and billiard hall now open. East Merrimack street.

22 lbs. Sugar for $1.00.

Again we greet you on sugar. We are selling 22 lbs. of the best granulated sugar for $1.00, and we will deliver free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 21 MERK ST.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Savoy Theatre.

Camille continues in favor with the large audiences present at this pretty play house and Mr. Weston has been asked repeatedly to continue it another week. But it is the policy to run a play one week, only, and this evening witnesses the last performance of this ever popular play.

Miss Stahl as "Camille" has won many friends this past week and her interpretation of this trying part has exceeded the expectations of all who did not know her capability.

Next week the company will be seen in "A Scrap of Paper," a comedy by Sardou, one of the most artistic comedies ever written. It will be given with the minutest attention to details, and the stage setting will be a surprise to all.

Music Hall.

The majority of Lowell people have either read or heard of Robert Louis Stevenson's famous novel, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." It was first dramatized by Mr. Richard Mansfield and since that time the leading actor making the play his leading work is Mr. Charles Leonard Fletcher. So perfect and entertaining is his work, that Mr. Mansfield cheerfully gave him permission to use his repertoire. This alone a great card. Manager Boody of Music Hall is to be congratulated upon securing Mr. Fletcher and his star company to give their great scenic and comedy production of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" at Music Hall, Oct. 26, 27, 28, with a special matinee Wednesday, the 28th inst.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Stablemen defeated the Shoppers of the water department last night by a score of 1865 to 1835.

The employes of the bottling room at Hood's were victorious over the basement employes, 1955 to 1898.

In the Vesper tournament, last night, Team Two defeated Team Three, 2258 to 2219.

Birthday Party.

A surprise party was tendered Mrs. T. Burnhamton the occasion of her eightieth birthday, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Conant, 282 High street, last evening. The old lady received many gifts. Among those present were chiefly her children and grandchildren, also her brother James U. Page, her sister, Mrs. M. E. Burnham, Mrs. Julia Raymond of Fitchburg, Mrs. Dee of Maplewood.

Couldn't Find Owners.

Washington, Oct. 24. — The treasury department has received 515 Columbian World's fair medals and diplomas, awarded to exhibitors in the United States, which have been returned by the postoffice department, because the parties to whom they were sent cannot be found.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SHOES

FROM MAKERS FAMOUS FOR EXCELLENCE.

Everybody seems to want your money these days, but nobody will give you as much in return for it as we do.

It's not the Price, but the Quality That makes the Shoes Cheap.

"Box Calf"

Have you tried this new leather, manufactured by White Bros. & Co., in Belvidere, Lowell? They guarantee it will resist water, wear like iron, and always keep soft and flexible."

Ladies' Boots, button and polish, in "Box Calf," at $1.50, $2.50 and $3, in all widths and toes.

Men's Bal. and Congress Shoes in "Box Calf," at $2.50, $2.95 and $3.50, in all styles.

Beware of imitation "Box Calf." It is said. White Bros. is the only genuine "Box Calf." Our "Box Calf" Shoes are the real White Bros.' article guaranteed water proof.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,

49 to 59 Central Street.

WE TAKE SPECIAL PAINS

To procure for our customers goods that cannot be easily duplicated, and to give you the best possible value for your money.

Louis Alexander,

Formerly of Fifth Ave., New York.

Importer and Tailor, No. 65 Central Street.

Fine Dyeing and French Cleansing

Dyeing of Every Description, all Shades and Black.

BOSTON STEAM DYE HOUSE

F. B. Leed's Agent. Runel's Building, cor. Bridge and Merrimack Street. Ladies' and Gents' garments dyed, cleansed and pressed.

URY OF CURES

THE RECORD OF Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

HERE'S TROUBLE

A License Commissioner Also a Liquor Dealer.

INTERESTING DEVELOPMENT IN INSOLVENCY COURT

Showing the Character of Fall River Regime.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 24.—In the insolvency court here yesterday, Judge Fuller gave a second hearing on the petition of Dominick Finegan of the firm of Finegan & Fitzsimmons, liquor dealers, of this city, to be declared insolvent. The first hearing was held in Taunton, Oct. 9, and brought out the fact that the firm originally consisted of the following five parties: Ex-Mayor Coughlin, License Commissioner Stanton, J. E. O'Connell and Finegan and Fitzsimmons. Milton Reed, counsel for Fitzsimmons, demanded that the other three parties be cited into court to show why they should not be considered members of the firm. It was stated that just before election, Coughlin disposed of his share to O'Connell, who later sold both shares. Many of the creditors were represented by counsel, and it was stated that no testimony of the transference of partnership in the business could be found, and objections would be raised for the granting of any warrant in which Stanton's name was not included. Counsel Cummings said that the shares of Coughlin and O'Connell had been accounted for, but it is not known what has become of Stanton's share. Judge Fuller suggested that the situation would be relieved if License Commissioner Stanton could come into court, and accordingly issued a warrant for Stanton to appear before him on Oct. 30, to show cause why he should not be included as a member of the firm. License Commissioner Stanton may be obliged to resign his commission, as according to the law no commissioner can conduct, or be interested in any of the business for which he has to *grant licenses.*

CRISP GOSSIP.

One of the afternoon papers yesterday had the "nerve" to come out with a police item headed "No news," having copied the heading from the slate bulletin at the police station. It isn't right to "knock" the department.

People who are planning popcorn parties for the winter will do well to lay in a supply of coke. A coal fire deadens down when it is opened, but coke burns bright and hot. Gas is excellent also; but coke is cheaper. Popping corn is one of the few things that will remain hand work for some time to come. Small machines have been invented, but they are not an improvement upon the old method.

A young man from Woburn told me yesterday that the people there who heard Rev. Fr. Dacey, O. M. I., speak at the banquet of the St. Charles Temperance society, Thursday evening, were much impressed with the eloquence of the young Oblate. "Ed. Slattery was with us too," said the young man, "and his address was very entertaining."

Rev. Father Wrenn of Springfield was in this city yesterday, and was the guest of Dr. McAvinnue. The priest and the doctor were classmates in college.

It is reported that many tenements in Ward Four are vacant, and the "To Let" sign dangles in many windows.

The Mail says that the Lowell republican campaign companies are loud in their praise of the hospitality of the Peabody people. And why shouldn't they be? I heard tell of one young man who went home, placed his lighted torch against the table in the dining room and went to bed. When his wife got up in the morning the torch was still blazing.

CITY HALL NOTES.

There are 160 miles of accepted streets in this city.

Complaints have been made at city hall that grass is growing in Steadman street and residents want the city laborers to cut it. This is the street on which the city laid out $6000.

Alderman Howe says that the lands and buildings department has decided to allow the High school battalion to use Huntington hall for drill purposes.

The pauper department has unpaid bills amounting to between $8000 and $9000 standing against it.

Supt. Varnum is well pleased because his department managed to keep within its appropriation. "If I had $10,000 more I could have spent it to advantage," said Mr. Varnum.

There are about 450 inmates at the city farm.

Patriarchs at Music Hall.

Manager Boody of Music Hall has extended an invitation to the members of Canton Pawtucket, Patriarchs Militant, to attend a performance of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde at his house on Monday evening, Oct. 26, the opening night. The canton will be present in a body and in full uniform and after the performance will entertain in the banquet hall of the I. O. O. F., hall on Merrimack street.

Consumers Brewing Company.

There will be 16 new vats in the addition to the Consumers' Brewing company's plant. Each vat will be 30 feet deep, and will hold 600 barrels of beer.

The Consumers' Brewing company will commence to make ale next summer.

A young son has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Ryan, 5 June street.

WANT $158,000

That Amount Required to Piece Out Appropriations.

STREET DEPARTMENT MAKES A VERY LARGE DEMAND.

School Department Wants $55,000 More.

Mayor Courtney was not at all surprised yesterday afternoon when the heads of departments made a demand on him for $158,500 to carry them through the year.

Neither was the mayor pleased for he expected each department would ask for the limit.

At the conference called to consider means of meeting expenses of the city for the remainder of the year every department was represented.

Around the big table in the aldermanic committee room were Mayor Courtney, Aldermen Wilson, Howe, Tryder and Fleming, City Auditor Chase and City Treasurer Coburn. It was 3 o'clock when Mayor Courtney called to order and the list of departments was taken up.

Supt. Whitcomb said he could not see the year through for the school department for less than $55,000 more. The most of this will be needed for salaries, which now run on an average of $1000 a month more than last year owing to the increase in the teachers' force. "We will require $68,000 for salaries during the remainder of the year. This would make the total amount for the year $265,000 against $245,000 for last year.

Supt. Varnum stated that $3000 more will be needed for the school house appropriation to pay janitors' salaries which amount to $320 a week and the running expenses. However, the lands and buildings appropriation can stand a transfer of that amount.

The street department, through Alderman Fleming, made a demand for $12,000.

Mayor Courtney questioned Alderman Fleming about the work being done and its probable cost.

The aldermen stated that more work was done this year than any year he knew of. "Last year we received $11,000 for sidewalk assessments, and so far this year our current receipts from this source amount to $4000."

"The amount you would need depends on the work you are going to do," suggested Mayor Courtney to Alderman Flemings.

The alderman answered affirmatively and proceeded to mention some work that should be done and has been voted.

"Did your committee ever vote to macadamize Marlborough street, which you say will cost $1500?"

"No, sir, that work work was never voted," answered the alderman.

"And still it was done?" inquired Mayor Courtney.

"Yes, and in the beginning of the year our committee voted to do no work unless the committee ordered it," was Alderman Fleming's reply.

This did not satisfy the mayor and he questioned Alderman Fleming very closely as to the expenses of the department and was very anxious and particular to know how much the Pawtucket grade crossing cost so far.

"That grade crossing is the greatest humbug in the city," said Alderman Tryder. "When you get it finished you will have to tear it down again. It was foolishness to ever start that work at all."

"How about Steadman street was the work there ever voted?" asked the mayor.

"Well," answered Alderman Fleming, "before I knew anything about it they had one-half of the street graded and I wanted the work stopped, but the others on the committee would not have it."

"The sewer department is all right," said Alderman Howe.

Supt. Oliver said he would use about $1000 for the commons department.

Secretary Courtney of the pauper department made a request for $25,000 and said the department could "scrape" along on that amount.

"The police department will actually need $17,000," said Commissioner Faulkner. "We asked for $110,000 at the beginning of the year and we got only $95,000 with a promise of more later. If we had got $110,000 we should have tried to live within it; but when we saw we were going to get more, of course we put on extra officers where they were actually needed."

"That is the trouble," said Mayor Courtney. "That blanket loan is the bother. Every year we have got to pay one-tenth of it with the interest."

Chief Hosmer figured out that it will require $20,000 to carry along the fire department.

"That will give you $7000 more than last year," said Mayor Courtney, "and I would like to know where that comes in." The chief explained that considerable repairing of engines and trucks has been done, and 2000 feet of hose have been bought.

"It will cost $14,500 more to run the lighting department through the year," said Chief Hosmer. Of this amount the Electric Light Co. will get about $13,000.

City Librarian Chase said the library appropriation will need about $2500 more for the rest of the year.

Agent Knapp represented the health department and the actual expenses for the balance of the year will be $12,058.59. This brought the total amount up to $158,500.

Alderman Tryder took occasion to remark that Supt. Whitcomb is a very expensive man. He recommends things and advocates them, and they cost money, too. Then the alderman stated that a most expensive fad was the introduction of blocked paper to take the place of slates in the schools.

City Treasurer Coburn said the corporation tax will not be received till December 10.

"We ought to get that amount down to $150,000," suggested the mayor.

City Treasurer Coburn stated that there are coming due $75,000 in notes for the blanket loans of previous years.

"Could not an agreement be made to pay that in advance and thus enable us to borrow $75,000 without exceeding our debt limit?" asked Mayor Courtney.

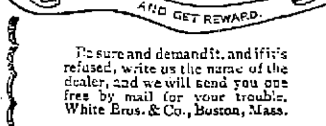
I can't do a thing until after election anyway. If all the notes were held in this city it would be easier to make such an arrangement," answered the city treasurer.

A meeting of the finance committee will be called and a plan of meeting the emergency will be placed before the members of that committee.

One to five applications of Doan's Ointment will cure the worst case of itching piles there ever was. Can you afford to torture when a simple, never failing suffer remedy is at hand? It never fails.

ALL THE GENUINE "BOX CALF" SHOES

have attached to every pair an Aluminum Key Ring Check made like this.



Be sure and demand it, and if it's refused, write us the name of the dealer, and we will send you one free by mail for your trouble. White Bros. & Co., Boston, Mass.

HANNA'S KITE IN THE STORM.

BOY KNOCKED SENSELESS.

Excitement Among a Crowd at the Northern Depot.

As the special train carrying the republican campaign clubs to Peabody pulled out of the Northern depot Thursday night, a lad about 10 years of age started to run across the tracks leading to the Merrimack street depot.

The gates were down for a freight to back over the crossing and the boy did not notice them, and he ran full force into one of the short gates that cut off the sidewalk traffic.

He was struck in the chest and thrown back with great force to the pavings, cutting his head open and knocking him senseless.

The crowd that was at the depot to see the special off thought the boy had been struck by the freight that backed in and for a time there was great excitement and all the doors leading to the waiting room had to be closed to keep the crowd out.

DR. TANNER BURNED TO DEATH.

Gained National Notoriety Some Years Ago by His Public Performances as a Faster.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—A special from Akron, O., says: Dr. Tanner, who many years ago gained national notoriety by his sensational public attempts at fasting, was one of the two men burned to death Wednesday morning in the pottery plant of the Whitmore-Robinson company. His body is still in the ruins. His right name was Francis Harrison.

Several years ago he gained unenviable publicity by selling his wife, as reported, to Adam Hill, a German, for $10 and an old sewing machine.

LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL

Changes Some of Its Rules of Admission.

The Lowell General hospital has issued the following circular as a result undoubtedly of the reports that it had become very exclusive regarding the admission of patients.

The Lowell General hospital, desirous of making its privileges accessible, as possible, begs to notify the medical profession that the admission of patients, hereafter, can be secured through the house physician, who is on duty at the hospital at all times.

A physician certifying that a patient is a suitable case for the hospital, can communicate with the house physician by telephone or otherwise. That officer will then take measures for admitting the patient, using his discretion in all cases, subject to the rules of the hospital.

Emergency cases, as therefore, can be sent at once to the hospital; but whenever possible telephone advice should be sent in advance.

No contagious or infectious cases, nor those with delirium tremens, or those *with venereal diseases and no chronic or* incurable cases, will be received—there being no accommodations for such.

North Billerica.

A very enjoyable sociable was held last evening at the Baptist church in North Billerica, which was largely attended. Supper was served from 6.30 to 7.30, after which an excellent program was enjoyed as follows: Opening address by the pastor, Rev. Samuel Knowles; chorus and solo by a mixed choir; recitation, Henry Potts; dialogue by four little girls; song, Mr. J. Ritchie; reading, Miss Morris; song, Mr. J. W. Stott; recitation Miss Mary Walker; dialogue by six young people; vocal solo, Miss Nancy Walker; chorus by four boys and girls; solo, Miss Faulcon. The singing of Miss Faulcon was especially praiseworthy. Mr. Ernest Robinson was chairman of the committee of arrangements.

First class job printing at this office

A Croquette

fried in COTTOLENE is a most toothsome morsel to tempt a fickle appetite. Once tried, then all desire for lard-fried things will vanish. Everything fried in COTTOLENE is appetizing, wholesome and healthful—less greasy, tastes better, more digestible.

The Cottolene trade-marks are *"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.*

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, Boston, Portland, Me., New York.

THE WORKING MAN SHOULD

Vote for the Best Interest of the Union,

For the big Union Market is selling goods for the best interest of the working man. Spring Lamb for Sunday dinner, Legs, 10c. to 12c., Loins, 8c. to 10c., Fore Quarter 5c. a pound.

A full assortment of all kinds of vegetables almost given away at the only

Union Market, Middlesex St. Foot of South

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

It Pays

To Trade With

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

When You Want

TABLE SUPPLIES

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

415 MIDDLESEX STREET. Tel 144-4. 28 THORNDIKE STREET. Wamesit Bank Block.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

American Plates For Russia.

Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 24.—The Bethlehem Iron company, last night, shipped 17 plates of side armor for the Russian battleship Rostislov, to the commandant of port at Sebastopool. The shipment weighed 200 tons, and was the largest shipment of American armor plate ever made to a foreign power.

Murder Case on the Docket.

Portsmouth, N. H., Oct. 24.—The grand jury for this county yesterday reported 99 indictments, a majority of which were for illegal sales of liquor. An indictment was returned against John M. Dow, of Seabrook, charging him with murder in the second degree of Josiah Brown, in Seabrook, last July.

Hurt His Feelings.

Hartford, Oct. 24.—Herbert G. Bissell, prominent socially, has brought suit for $1000 against Arthur G. Lord, employed in the water commissioners' office. Lord, with several others, it is alleged, rode Bissell on a rail recently, to prevent him calling on a West Hartford young lady.

Wesleyans Not Admitted.

Boston, Oct. 24.—The convention of the Delta Upsilon fraternity opened with a business session at the Quincy House yesterday. An appeal was presented from Wesleyan university for a chapter in the society, and delegates from Wesleyan were heard at some length. The petition, however, was not granted.

Beautiful Dolls FREE.

The French Doll.

Five beautiful dolls, lithographed on cardboard, eight inches high. Can be cut out and put together by the children—no pasting. Each doll has two complete suits. American, French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Japanese, German, Swiss, Turkish and Indian costumes. All parts being interchangeable, many combinations can be made, affording endless amusement and instruction. A high-class series of dolls, patented and manufactured for us exclusively and not to be compared with the numerous cheap paper dolls on the market.

How To Get Them.

Cut from five outside wrappers of None Such Mince Meat the head of the girl holding pie. Send these with ten cents in silver—wrapped in paper—and your full name and address, and we will send the dolls postpaid. Or we will send them free for twenty heads of the girl. Send only the heads to avoid extra postage.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

NEW FANCY

EIDER DOWNS

"ERMINETTE"

IS THE NAME OF

The New Fancy Cotton EIDER DOWN

Very handsome and soft fleecy fabric for ladies' dressing sacks, house wrappers, and children's cloaks, etc., produced in the prettiest styles and colorings ever brought out in heavy fleecy goods; We have received 40 cases of the mill long Remnants of these desirable goods and will sell them at

ONLY 12½C. PER YD.

Though they are worth 20c. per yard on the piece and the quality we have, offers you the choice of all the different styles produced in any length desired—on sale in Palmer street store and also in our basement—Grand display in Palmer street window.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

A Well Established Profitable Business,

ON MERRIMACK STREET FOR SALE AT

SANBORN & DONOVAN'S

Room 1, Swan's Block, Central street. Bad debts of all kinds collected. Telephone 66-5.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

TALKING MACHINE PARLOR

Music, Songs, and Speeches of Bryan and McKinley.

The ladies are especially invited to call.
Bring the children along.
We sell Talking Machines and supplies.
The Bijou is the home favorite and has no equal for the variety of amusement and entertainment it gives. Records and reproduces music, songs and speeches. Price with outfit $50. The Motor slot Graphophone for stores and places of resort, a great money maker, $50. We want everybody to call and see these wonderful instruments that talk every language and sing all songs and give the music of all instruments.

THE EASTERN TALKING MACHINE CO.,
86 Merrimack Street.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 43. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

The Sun is the only evening penny paper in Lowell printing Telegraphic News.

THE GRAND JURY

Reports its Finding on Cases Submitted.

THE HORSE DEAL CASE COMES UP MONDAY.

List of Indictments Reported This Morning.

The grand jury came in at the Superior court this morning, presenting their report to Judge Hardy, who was recently promoted to the bench by Governor Wolcott.

The jury reported its findings at 9.30 and the prisoners in the dock were arraigned as their names were called.

When the name of Harriet F. Hall was called, Mrs. Hall was carried into the court by two deputy sheriffs, being unable to stand, although she was in excellent health while on trial in the police court.

The findings were as follows. All pleaded not guilty but those otherwise marked:

William Vigals, breaking and entering.
Harry Gilchrist, Nellie Whitman, adultery.
Thomas Glynn, breaking and entering.
Fred McDonough, breaking and entering, G.
James Mack, breaking and entering, G.
Thomas F. Cassidy, Annie Doran, lewd and lasc. cohabitation.
James Dignan assault with knife.
William Raymond, Annie Smith, adultery.
William Kane, assault with attempt to kill.
George L. Robbins, felonious assault.
William Newman, Mary McKenny, lewd, lasc. cohabitation.
Elizabeth Frechette, adultery, G.
Harriet F. Hall, attempt to produce abortion.
Alexander Dube, Frederick Latulippe, Clement Duchene, breaking and entering.
Henry Perrault, breaking and entering.
John J. Tracey, Mary McGillion, adultery.
William Scanlan, breaking and entering, receiving stolen property.
Joseph Menard, felonious assault.
Jeremiah Rogan, escaped from jail.
James Scanlan, escaped from jail.
James A. Hamilton, against whom no bill was found on the claim of forgery, was discharged.

Herman N. Prescott, an elderly and sickly man from Westford, was fined $125 for maintaining a liquor nuisance.

There were four "no bills" among the Lowell cases.

As the Lowell jail was not large enough to accommodate the Cambridge offenders the grand jury adjourned to Cambridge at 11 o'clock.

Escaped the Officers.

While being taken from the courthouse to the jail, one of the prisoners, John J. Tracey, escaped from the officers in charge, making a bold dash through the street. The superintendent of police was notified by reporters.

The case of Councilmen Hunton, George and Maguire, Supt. Cheney and Charles Clapp will be tried Monday morning.

EUROPEANS HELD.

Suspected of Infection by Some Disease.
By Associated Press to the Sun.

New York, Oct. 24.—The Netherlands line steamer Marsdam arrived this morning from Rotterdam and Boulogne, bringing among steerage passengers three Armenians and 59 Syrians. When examined at the health office, nearly all showed abnormal temperatures. They were transferred to Hoffman island for observation. On October 16th, a German steerage passenger named H. C. Gay, committed suicide by shooting. He was buried at sea.

Arrested For Embezzlement.

John Kelly was arrested this morning for embezzlement from A. L. Kittredge & Co. Kelly secured paint and other articles from the firm having them charged to Liquor Inspector Donaldson.

Insist

Upon having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla. There is no substitute for Hood's. It is an insult to your intelligence to try to sell you something else. Remember that all efforts to induce you to buy an article you do not want, are based simply

Upon

the desire to secure more profit. The dealer or clerk who does this cares nothing for your welfare. He simply wants your money. Do not permit yourself to be deceived. Insist upon having

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And only Hood's. It is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

J. F. O'DONNELL
UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street.
Telephone.

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
293 Central Street.

STRICTLY ALL-WOOL
Kersey Overcoats
$6.00.

STRICTLY ALL-WOOL
Kersey Overcoats
$8.00.

Excellent fitting; well made; lasting lined; correct length. Compare these coats with any sold in town for four dollars more money.

Putnam & Son,
166 Central Street.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery.
An Excellent Tonic
For Sale by All Local Dealers.

THE SUN EXTRA 5 O'CLOCK

DIED OF INJURIES

Received in Stabbing Affray Saturday.

FATAL WOUNDS INFLICTED BY MR. FARRELL.

Charge of Manslaughter Against Farrell.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Joseph P. Kelly, who was stabbed at the door of his home Saturday night, by Michael J. Farrell, as alleged, died from the effect of the wounds at the Massachusetts General hospital this morning.

BACON WINS AGAIN.

He Defeats Tommy Conneff, the U. S. Champion, in a Two Mile Run.
By Associated Press to the Sun.

Glasgow, Oct. 24.—F. E. Bacon, the English champion runner, beat T. F. Conneff, American champion, in the two mile run here today, by 16 yards in 9 minutes, 41 seconds. Bacon has won all three races of the series arranged for $500 a side in each event.

Dauntless Fired On.
By Associated Press to the Sun.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 24.—The Tribune has a special from Jacksonville, Fla., saying that on the last voyage of the filibustering steamer Dauntless, she was fired upon by the Spanish gunboat Contramastra. One shot hit the hurricane deck and killed one of the crew.

Postal Convention.
By Associated Press to the Sun.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Postmaster General Wilson has requested the secretary of state to invite all the countries of the world to send representatives to a meeting of universal postal delegates to be held here next May.

Royal Marriage.
By Associated Press to the Sun.

Rome, Oct. 24.—The marriage of the Crown Prince of Italy to Princess Helene of Montenegro took place this morning in the ball room of the Quirinal. Later they went to the church of Santo Maria Degli, where a religious ceremony was celebrated.

Cuban Affairs.
By Associated Press to the Sun.

Paris, Oct. 24.—Figaro this morning says, "Civilized nations ought to protest against the interested policy of the United States in Cuba and not permit interference."

First Lawful Hanging.
By Associated Press to the Sun.

Ardmore, Ind. Ter., Oct. 24.—Charles Johnson, a negro convicted of rape was sentenced today to be hanged on Feb. 19 next. This promises to be the first lawful hanging in the history of the territory though many men have been hanged.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

At Memphis, Tom Cooper last night made the half mile on an indoor track in 58 2-5 seconds, breaking the world's record of 59 1-5 seconds held by Parsons, the Australian.

Ex-Supervisor John N. Hoagland of New York, killed himself this morning by shooting. Business reverses and drink are the cause.

The post office and several stores at Vineyard Haven were broken in last night and considerable money taken.

A GENEROUS GIFT.

Locks and Canals Company Present City With 3000 Feet of Land.

The report that the city was obliged to pay the Locks and Canals company 40 cents a foot for 3000 feet of land near the Moody street bridge is not correct. The Locks and Canals company will make a gift of the land to the city. It is due mainly to the efforts of City Engineer Bowers and Mr. Coville of the Tremont and Suffolk company that the company's consent was obtained to give the land. Mr. Bowers interested Mr. Coville in the matter and the latter called on Treasurer Lyman in Boston and urged him to come to Lowell and see what it is desired to do about arranging the approaches to the new bridge. When Mr. Lyman visited the place Thursday, he at once consented to the gift. It is understood that the land is assessed at 40 cents a foot.

LAWRENCE DEM. RALLY

With a Grand Parade Held Last Evening.

Hundreds were turned away from the Lawrence city hall last evening on the occasion of the second big democratic rally, at which David J. Murphy of Lawrence, Charles T. Callahan of Holyoke, candidate for lieutenant governor; Dr. Potts of Lynn and John H. Harrington of this city made speeches. A fine parade preceded the rally.

HIGH SCHOOL BATALLION

Can Use the Armory for Drill Purposes.

This morning Mayor Courtney received a letter from Adjt. Gen. Dalton informing him that the High School Batallion can use the armory for drill purposes when it is not being used by the militia.

SENATOR HOAR'S ADDRESS

His Sophistries On the Currency Refuted By Best Authorities.

Many Glaring Falsehoods—Much Equivocation Unworthy of Senatorial Dignity—The Want of Argument in Support of Gold Standard Apparent—The Tariff Offered as a Panacea—The Other Speakers.

"Hoar Strangles the Serpent," is the heading of the cartoon in the Mail this morning, as a sort of condensation of U. S. Senator Hoar's address on the currency at the republican rally in Huntington hall last night, but in a brief way we propose to show that the serpent is in the minds of republicans, if not in the ranks of their party, and that Hoar like other republican orators and like the gold bug press drew upon his imagination for his facts and raised up issues and imaginary evils which have no existence in reality, and in demolishing even these he resorted to falsehood, misrepresentation and a species of sophistry and equivocation which we supposed to be far beneath his dignity.

The rally was a disappointment in many respects. The young republican club turned out, the chairman said, in hundreds. As they all carried bannerets their numbers could be seen and they certainly did not exceed fifty in all. The lack of enthusiasm was also apparent when the chairman called for three cheers for Senator Hoar and not more than a third of those in the body of the hall stood up.

Mr. A. G. Walsh called to order and gave some pertinent advice in regard to voting for the representative and other candidates. Mr. Lawton, the chairman, tried to be sarcastic in alluding to the Chicago platform, saying that "it seems to me I have heard something of that kind before—in 1861 I think"—as he alluded to the criticism of the Supreme court. He was bold enough in the face of a large representation of the A. P. A. to say that the Senior Senator was a man who stood "for freedom of opinion and liberality of thought." This elicited but slight applause and it was notable that this element did not applaud the senator's utterances at any point. Neither did they join in the cheers for him.

Representative Bates.

Rep. Bates of Boston is a very melodramatic gentleman with a big windy voice which he uses in a sort of bombastic style of eloquence peculiar to republican stump orators. In depicting the ruin of our New England industries, he described a thrifty little village in Essex county as he passed through it on a beautiful morning when the "waters laughed," "the sunbeams danced," "the children sported on the green," "the housewives sang the joy of the household to sleep" and "the wheels of the stone mill sang an accompaniment for the music of industrial happiness heard on every side."

Later on he visited the place, but what a change! The houses were deserted, the mill burned down; and then with tears in his voice he described the scene as typical of what was brought about by the Wilson bill. He forgot to describe what was brought about by the McKinley bill in 1893, the year of the panic, for the Wilson bill did not go into effect until August, 1894.

Mr. Bates dismissed the currency question with the statement that "the volume of our currency is greater today than it was in 1873, consequently he said the trouble does not lie in the currency."

It might be expected that with the increase of population the volume of money should be increased to meet the demands of business, but something else is to be considered besides the volume. The money is mostly in paper, redeemable in gold which cannot be found, which is locked up by the money grabbers of Wall street and their allies, the Morgans and Rothschilds.

Mr. Bates went on to show the evils brought upon the country by the Wilson bill and launched into statistics. He must have been hard pressed for material when he took up the export of flour from this country to Cuba, showing that in the last few years it had fallen off.

Well, is it any wonder that the Cubans torn with the ravages of war should buy less of our flour than formerly? The Spanish commander gets his flour from other sources.

"The country never saw better times than towards the end of Harrison's administration but Cleveland was but a short time in office when the government was almost bankrupt."

Mr. Bates did not mention that the plates were prepared for a bond issue by Mr. Foster before Harrison went out of office and that Cleveland found the treasury depleted in 1892.

These are but samples of the statements made by Mr. Bates who held that a higher tariff would settle all the ills the country suffers today.

Senator Hoar.

In opening Senator Hoar paid a glowing tribute to the memory of the late Governor Greenhalge and then proceeded to discuss the currency.

"The country had reached high water mark in Pres. Harrison's administration. Labor received the highest wages ever paid."

That is untrue. Wages were higher before 1873 and higher at periods after 1873 than in Harrison's term.

"The democrats are dropping free silver and attacking the Supreme court and arraying labor against capital."

William J. Bryan and all the democrats are preaching free silver six days a week.

"Democrats are telling the farmers that wages are so high that after paying them there is nothing left for the farmers themselves."

The democrats want to stop falling prices so that there may be a fixed standard of value that will protect the farmer from being obliged to pay his debts in dearer dollars than those he borrowed. When that is accomplished he will be able to make a living profit and pay his laborers besides.

Senator Hoar undertook to give a forecast of what would take place under free coinage. "The advocates of free coinage want 50 cents worth of silver stamped as a dollar and with these fifty cent dollars they want to pay their debts and the country's debts. In those 50 cent dollars under free coinage the depositors in savings banks would be paid, thus cutting their savings down just one-half."

This is about the most cheesy and transparent bluff possible to give an audience. It is an insult to the intelligence of a Lowell audience.

Everybody knows the coinage of silver would increase the demand for it and increase its value. The remonetization of silver would relieve the stringency of gold would bring both to a parity, constituting a dollar not quite so dear as the present dollar.

But the senator says, "Suppose silver rises in value to 100 cents to be equal to the present dollar, then there will be no improvement."

Yes there would be an improvement; the base could not be cornered as the gold is cornered at the present time and money would not be increased in value merely by remaining idle. The appreciation of gold would stop and the decline in prices would stop with it. Then capital would emerge from its hiding places, hoarding would stop and business would be encouraged.

But the most astounding statement ever heard from any authority claiming eminence was that "It is beyond human understanding and comprehension to tell whether gold has appreciated or not or whether it is silver and other commodities that have depreciated."

This statement in the face of Sauerbeck's statistics showing that gold appreciated about 40 points while silver fell seven points, and in face of other proofs such as the almost uniform decline in all staple articles is amusing coming from a man of Senator Hoar's distinction.

It is difficult to believe that such a statement is made in honesty. We believe it is made for effect because if the appreciation of gold be admitted all the arguments of the silver orators must be admitted at once and none of the contention of the republicans against free silver is truthful or logical. Is gold dearer as purchased in staple commodities? Anybody who looks at the prices today will see that a dollar costs nearly double what it did in 1873, and it must, therefore, have appreciated as compared with those commodities.

Perhaps Senator Hoar's treatment of the "crime of 1873," was the most ridiculous part of his discourse. He claimed personal knowledge of most of the facts connected with the case. He launched into a long harangue in which he tried to prove that most of the proofs on this question were forgeries, but we shall produce a few here which he passed over without notice. He claimed that silver was demonetized in 1850, and not 1873, but the annals of congress and the reports of the U. S. mint stand out in refutation of that statement. But in speaking of the pamphlets issued by democrats, he stated that one had been issued in the west quoting President Lincoln in condemnation of the crime of 1873, representing that the authors were foreigners who did not know that President Lincoln had been assassinated before the crime of 1873 was committed. He said that the bill constituting that crime was printed sixteen times, but authorities more candid and reliable than Senator Hoar have testified that the demonetization clause was never printed, and never discussed in either house.

Congressman Holman on July 13, 1876, as reported in the congressional record said that "the measure never had the sanction of the house, and that it in reality did not possess the moral force of law." Again on August 5, 1876, he said: "The original bill was simply a bill to organize a bureau of mines and coinage. The bill which finally passed the house and which ultimately became a law was certainly not read in the house. It was never considered before the house as it was passed. Up to the time the bill came before this house for final passage the measure had simply been one to establish a bureau of mines; I believe I use the term correctly now. It came before the committee on coinage, weights and measures. The substitute which finally became a law was never read, and is subject to the charge made against it by Mr. Bland that it was passed by the house without a knowledge of its provisions, especially upon that of coinage.

"I myself asked the question of Mr. Hooper, who stood near where I am now standing, whether it changed the law in regard to coinage. And the answer of Mr. Hooper certainly left the impression upon the whole house that the subject of the coinage was not affected by that bill."

President Grant said that "he had no idea that the act demonetized silver."

Senator Thurman said "when the bill was pending in the senate, it was simply to reform the mint, regulate coinage and fix up one thing and another, and there is not a man in the senate, I think, unless a member of the committee from which the bill came who had the slightest idea that it was then a squint towards demonetization."

Senator Allison said "that the house in passing the bill intended to coin both gold and silver, and that the bill was afterwards doctored."

Mr. Blaine, in reply to Senator Voorhees, also stated "that he did not know the import of the bill," and Senator Beck, on Jan. 10, 1878, said "the bill never was understood by either house of congress. I say it with knowledge of the facts. No newspaper reporter, and they are the most vigilant men I ever saw in obtaining information, discovered that it had been done."

Not the least palpable equivocation resorted to by Sen. Hoar was the statement that prior to 1873 the U. S. mint coined only about 8 million silver dollars. This is literally true. Only that number of one dollar silver coins was turned out but Senator Hoar knows very well that over $150,000,000 of silver was coined prior to 1873. This includes dollars and fractional coins. This is a good illustration of how the Massachusetts senator can misrepresent the facts and in estimating Hoar's utterances the reader will be safe in following the rule, "Et unos disce omnes"—from one judge all.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

CRONIN—The funeral of Margaret Cronin, who died Thursday night, took place this morning from her late home on Adams street, and was very largely attended. At St. Patrick's church, Rev. Fr. Leonard celebrated a high mass of requiem. The pall bearers were Messrs. Cornelius F. Shanahan, Patrick Costello, Daniel Murphy, Joseph Clark, John Hyde and Michael Farrell. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

O'LONE—The funeral of Nellie O'Lone took place this afternoon. Service was held at St. Peter's church and many relatives and friends were in attendance. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

FOLLOWED BY CROOKS.

A Complaint Made at the Police Station By Mr. Barron.

George C. Barron of Wilder street called on the police for protection this morning from two suspicious characters who have been at his his heels for the past 48 hours.

The two men who are unknown and suspicious looking, watched him draw $3000 in greenbacks from the Central Savings bank yesterday morning and since that time they have dogged every movement he has made.

When he left the bank yesterday morning they followed him to where he is building up near the poor farm, and then followed him to his home. When he left there last night to go down town, they were still after him, and even this morning, while he was in the police station they were standing at the corner of Market street.

Mr. Barron was somewhat frightened while he had the money in his possession, but now that he has disposed of it he is willing that they should follow him. What their object may be he doesn't know.

Women's Branch.

The People's club is having a remarkably successful season. Both the men's branch in the Nesmith building, and the women's branch in the Swan building are nightly well filled with interested visitors. The women's branch in its new quarters has very pleasant apartments, and there is a cosy home like appearance about it agreeable to all. As usual there will be classes this season, dressmaking on Monday and Tuesday, plain sewing and button holes on Wednesday, millinery on Thursday and fancy work on Friday. Tickets for these classes will be ready on any evening after next Thursday, and may be had of the new superintendent of the women's branch, Mrs. Agnes M. Paxon.

LOCAL NOTES.

Don't miss the big democratic rally at Huntington hall tonight.

At Unity church, 128 Church street, tomorrow night at 7 there will be given an address on "The Home of a Lowell Breadwinner."

Big democratic rally at Huntington hall tonight. Hon. Pierre Humbert and Mr. Harrington will speak. Andrew Barrett will preside.

The Billerica Coons will make their reappearance at the new town hall Wednesday evening, the 28th. The entertainment will consist of a minstrel overture, topical songs, jokes and local hits, followed by the Ethiopian farce "The Three O'clock Train." The members of the company are as follows: Albert D. Stanton, Edwin N. Ray, Ulmer H. Manning, William L. May, Charles Sheldon, Charles A. Holt, Julian L. Noyes, Herbert Faulkner, Charles Fairbrother, D. Moyer Staley, C. Fred Morey, Nat. H. Hutchins, Frank Haddock, Arthur W. Allen, James H. Gannon, George P. Greenwood, Josiah Wright, Herbert Ellis, Fred L. Mason.

"The Princeton" $5.
English Enamel Lace Shoes, Double soled calf lined, Boston price, $7.

Winter Russets $3.
Willow Calf Lace Shoes Goodyear welted, calf lined, double soled—advertised by Boston dealers at $5.

"The Hustler" $3.
Union Label, Goodyear welt, broad sole, business men's shoe, lace and congress, any size from 5 to 11.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.
OPP. CITY HALL.

POLITICAL FIELD

The Silver Men to Parade in Chicago.

MR. BRYAN SPEAKING FROM A MOTOR CAR.

Notes of General Interest on Campaign.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—The silver democrats of Cook county will have a parade Oct. 31, despite the facts that Judge Tuley declined to grant them an injunction to prevent Chief Badenoch from interfering with them, and the chances are that there will be neither a clash nor a riot, for they will parade with the chief's permission, granted them late yesterday afternoon, and over an entirely different route from that to be traversed by the republicans.

They are not to come down town at all, but will be obliged to confine themselves to the west side of the city.

The republicans have the pick of the downtown streets, as they secured their permit long before the silver men asked for one.

Chief Badenoch was determined to stop the Bryan marchers had they insisted on going on the south side.

In view of the differences between the state committee and the Hon. George Fred Williams and the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club during the campaign, there was some discussion in the state committee, as to how a union of the two opposing factions could be effected. It was finally decided to appoint a committee of two to call upon the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club, and make clear the wishes and kindly intentions of the state committee. Mr. Patrick J. Daly and Sonator John Quinn were appointed, and conferred yesterday with Messrs. Robert Treat Paine, Jr., Francis A. Hobart, John V. Scollard and Henry J. Jaquith, of the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club. As a result of the conference there is every prospect that the two factions will come together and complete arrangements for the ratification meeting.

In a Motor Carriage.

The heartiest sort of a reception was given Mr. Bryan at Decatur, Ill. Excursionists by the hundreds were in town and the streets were crowded. A gasoline motor carriage was the vehicle in which Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were conveyed to the first meeting place, the court house square. So dense was the mass of humanity there that a passageway could not be cleared from the carriage to the platform, and Mr. Bryan was obliged to make his address from the vehicle. The enthusiasm was great, but there was much confusion, and comparatively few of the 20,000 people in his audience heard him.

Democrats should remember that there is an excellent chance to elect three and possibly four democratic representatives in this city. In the 27th district where Joseph F. Donohoe and Michael J. Coughlin are candidates, scores of republicans will vote for these young men in preference to Hosmer and Stevens, the republican nominees.

In the 20th district the greatest fight should be waged. The republicans are going to cut here, and either Mansfield, Stickney or Gordon, the democratic nominees, will get votes from the other side. A united democratic vote will help to send one or two of these young men to the legislature.

Hon. Pierre Humbert, jr., one of the foremost silver orators of New England, will speak at the big democratic rally in Huntington hall tonight. Mr. Humbert is an eloquent speaker and has done yeoman service in this campaign. John H. Harrington, the democratic congressional nominee will also address the meeting.

Hon. John W. Corcoran has addressed a letter to Hon. John H. Sullivan tendering his resignation as chairman of the democratic state committee.

Bernard D. O'Connell, Esq., left on the 9.30 o'clock train last night for Philadelphia where he has been invited to speak at a democratic rally.

Samuel Scott of Market street is a candidate for the republican councilmanic nomination in ward one.

The friends of Hugh McOsker of Ward nine are urging him to again become the candidate for overseer of the poor. Mr. McOsker made an excellent run last year, and his friends feel confident that he can defeat the "extra member" Fletcher this year, if he will accept the nomination. He would make a valuable member of the board of overseers of the poor.

Williams in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—George Fred Williams of Massachusetts addressed half a dozen democratic meetings in the southwest section of the city which is peopled largely with Bohemians and Poles.

A carriage conveyed him from hall to hall.

Big audiences were assembled at each place to hear the famous eastern speaker. The speeches were all necessarily brief but they were well received.

DEATHS.

GRAY—John H. Gray, aged 29 years and 11 months, died at his home, 22 Merrill street, last night.

LYNCH—Margaret Lynch, aged 13 years, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Lynch, died this morning at their home, 8 Tildon court, off Tilden street.

GRADY—John H. Grady, aged 29 years, 11 months, son of James and Bridget Grady, died yesterday at their home, 22 Merrill street. Funeral at 3.30 tomorrow afternoon.

Police Court—Hadley, J.

Eleven drunks.

Mary Gorman who lives in Market street in Delaney's block was tried on the charge of being a common railer and brawler and her actions in court were such as to cause the court to inquire if she were perfectly sane. Some of the boarders in the next house said they could not sleep on account of her brawling at night. The court evidently found out the cause when the Gorman woman went up to speak to him for he held her in $200 until Tuesday for sentence remarking that she might have a chance to get sober in the meantime.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

There is a disposition on the part of some of the best merchant tailors to introduce suitings of smooth faced worsted fabrics—in quiet color effects: unobstrusive plaids, indistinct stripes and neat mixtures.

Men who do not fancy the conspicuously marked cheviots will find with us a most excellent collection of these new fancy worsted suits, in sacks and cutaways, made by Rogers, Peet & Co., or from our own workrooms.

Prices from $10 to $25 a suit.

PUTNAM & SON.
166 Central Street.

TWO MEN BADLY HURT

ONE INJURED AT TREMONT AND SUFFOLK MILLS.

Another Has a Narrow Escape From Being Killed by Train.

John Wiley got his right hand caught in a machine in the Tremont and Suffolk mills this morning and had his fingers mangled. He was taken to the Corporation hospital. He resides at 24 Elmwood avenue.

Charles Allen Injured.

A man named Charles Allen, who said he lived at 16 Suffolk street, walked into the city dispensary this morning and asked the doctors to dress his toes, which were badly crushed. He said he was stealing a ride on a freight train from Springfield, to to this city last night and his foot got caught between the bumpers. He was taken to the city farm.

REPUBLICAN CLUBS

Will Parade to Draw Votes From the Democratic Rally.

The republican clubs are to parade tonight with a view to drawing the voters away from the democratic rally. They are afraid of open discussion.

Hon. Pierre Humbert, Jr., of Boston is one of the most eloquent speakers on the silver question. Everybody should hear him at Huntington hall tonight. Mr. Harrington will also speak.

FINE TAILORING.

Stylish Garments at Less Than Half Price.

Mr. Cavanaugh of the firm of Cavanaugh & Dissault, and formerly head cutter for C. W. Mayotte, bought the stock and fixtures which were sold at auction Friday for spot cash. Mr. Mayotte's stock was considered to be the best in the city including all the latest novelties in fine goods, and was bought for one-fourth the actual value. For ten days we will sell suits at $15, $20, $22, $25; regular prices, $30, $36, $40, $45; overcoats, $18, $20, $22, $25; 1000 different style trouserings, $4.50, $5, $6, $6.50, half price. They must be sold at some price as we are overstocked. Made and trimmed in first-class style. Call and examine our sample garments with our celebrated concave shoulder, which gives the wearer a graceful appearance and prevents creasing.

Cavanaugh & Dissault, leading tailors, corner Central and Middle streets. Largest stock in the city. Telephone, 355-5.

Attention, Hibernians.

There will be a mass meeting of all the divisions of Hibernians at 2.30 o'clock tomorrow in their hall in the Howe building. Business of great importance is to be transacted. Per order,

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

MONEY

deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, corner Middlesex St. and Post Office avenue, before 4 p. m. Tuesday Nov. 3d., will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from Nov. 1st Interest compounded semi-annually. Savings Department open from 8 a. m. till 4 p. m. daily Saturday's from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and Saturday evening from 7 till 9 o'clock.

WM. F. HILLS. Cashier.

BIRCH WOOD CHEAP, One Dollar will buy 14 baskets of birch wood at Cogger's wood yard 23 Concord street. Postal orders promptly attended to. Telephone 453-5.

November Fashions

How to Dress Well and Economically

Subscribe for the Delineator at Butterick's Pattern & Corset Parlors and thus get at the fountain head of fashion information. Only $1 per year—15c. single copy.

Also ask for The Glass of Fashion, a New Magazine with Beautiful colored plates, only 50c. per year, or 5c. per copy at

BUTTERICK'S
Pattern and Corset Parlors,
204 and 206 MERRIMACK ST

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEORGE F. WILLIAMS of Dedham.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

CHRIS. T. CALLAHAN of Holyoke.

FOR CONGRESSMAN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON of Lowell

The friends of Rev. T. J. Conaty of Worcester, are hopeful that he may be selected as rector of the Washington University, inasmuch as he is one of the three recommended by the bishops, from whom the Pope will make a selection.

Mr. Hanna has raised the question whether the corporations that are shouting so loudly for McKinley would give any promise or pledge against reducing wages in case of McKinley's election. There is not a corporation in the country that would sign a contract for any such purpose, because if the gold standard be maintained, prices will inevitably fall, and wages will go down in the general cataclysm.

The republicans have started to put in practice the advice of Mr. Blaine, viz., to claim everything. They are now claiming not only the states known to be republican, but all the doubtful states as well. Before election day it is not unlikely that they will bring the democratic states into camp; but Blaine's method of claiming everything in sight did not bring victory in his case, and it will be equally ineffectual in the present case.

At the rally, last night, the republican orators, as usual, failed to reconcile the statements that under free silver we shall have a 53-cent dollar, and that the chief object of free silver is to enrich the silver mine owners, by enabling them to sell 53 cents worth of silver for one hundred cents. This is a republican paradox which none of the orators who give it currency are willing to explain. It is about as logical as their statement that they will settle the money question by increasing the tariff.

Mark Hanna has chartered a number of special trains and secured all the leading speakers of the country to proceed and follow Mr. Bryan, in order, if possible, to counteract the effect of his sweeping arguments against the gold standard. It is not unlikely that some of these hirelings of the gold bugs may get a reception similar to that given to Mr. Carlisle in Kentucky. The generals of the late war have adopted a plausible method of meeting Mr. Bryan's logic. They have taken a special car with a couple of cannon mounted on a rear platform. With the cannon they intend to "fire away" at Mr. Bryan's arguments, when they cannot answer them in any other way.

SENATOR HOAR'S SOPHISTRIES.

The republican rally at Huntington hall last night was in every respect a disappointment—in enthusiasm, in the number present and particularly in the speeches delivered.

Something truthful and fair was expected from Senator Hoar but the fact that he used all his ingenuity in weaving sophistries that would make the republican case in some measure presentable, proves beyond a doubt what has been often stated in this paper that there is no argument to uphold the gold standard or the system of currency now in force in this country.

Truth, logic and originality were expected of Senator Hoar, but instead he gave his audience a rehash of all the campaign lies framed and published by the gold bug press and republican stump orators from one side of the country to the other. He endeavored to show that the criticism of the Supreme court in the Chicago platform was akin to secession, but admitted that the income tax is not unconstitutional if levied in the proper manner. His declaration that silver was demonetized in 1859 and not in 1873 and that the bill of 1873 was fully and fairly discussed, was laughable in view of the facts as was his statement of what would result under free coinage, of how debts would be paid in 50 cent dollars, and that the silver mine owners, all Englishmen he said, would have their wealth doubled by receiving 100 cent dollars for 50 cent's worth of silver. His allusion to Mr. Bryan fell heavier upon the man who uttered it than upon him to whom it was directed, because it ill accords with the supposed dignity of a United States senator to descend to such tactics even in an effort to bolster up a bad cause.

It shows that with all his experience and learning Senator Hoar is utterly unable to meet, much less refute, Mr. Bryan's arguments on the currency issue. Some of Senator Hoar's leading sophistries and misstatements are exposed on the first page.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

HANNA NEEDS MONEY.

Puts on the Screws for Another Assessment—Banks Must Produce $2,000,000 More.

Mark Hanna believes, of course, in the might of money, and he thinks that if he only spends enough of it McKinley will get enough electoral votes to make him the next president of the United States. It has already cost millions to carry out the gigantic bluff of the Cleveland ironmaster that the trusts and syndicates are on top in this present contest, but there are more millions to be had, and they are being called for.

The national banks are interested equally with all the other corporate monopolies of the country in seeing the mortgaged Republican candidate installed in the White House, and Hanna has not hesitated to let them know it—at least those in the eastern states, where he feels that he can defy even those who sympathize with him, but who believe that a dollar in hand is worth two to be won through an election.

The national banks throughout the New England and middle states have just been notified by him that they must put up once more in order that the central west may be swung to McKinley next month, and, while some of the directors and stockholders are making wry faces, scarcely any of them have so far dared to refuse. The assessment is made systematically, showing the "business man in politics" in all his glory. Each bank is to pay according to its capital, and the percentage is a uniform one. The sum to be obtained is estimated at fully $2,000,000, which can at this late stage of the campaign be used for only one purpose outside of buying votes outright—a difficult thing to do under the existing ballot laws.

Such a huge campaign fund at this time means only one thing, and that is that Hanna, knowing that he cannot rely on a majority of the votes in the central and northwestern states, intends to see what he can do with the election officers—at least with those who will have the counting to do.

The News some days ago gave warning on this point, and the discovery of the raising of this new fund from the national banks is proof positive that a wholesale scheme of tampering with the votes after they have been cast is contemplated in those states which are Bryan's, but which are absolutely necessary to McKinley's election.

The Democratic managers at Chicago should be able to circumvent Mr. Hanna. In both Illinois and Indiana they have the state authorities on their side, and the enforcement of the law should be insisted on.—New York News.

A United States senator, who is now seeking the suffrages of the people for the highest office in their power to give, says he favors a monarchy rather than the triumph of the cause of the people. If Senator Palmer ever leaves the country—and the quicker the better—to live under a monarchy, he is advised to be more careful of his speech. In some countries they take a man's head off for expressing sentiments opposed to the government under which they live.

LABOR FOR BRYAN

Straws Show How the Wind Is Blowing In Chicago.

Coercion does exist in the big concerns here to a surprising and an alarming extent. Every device is resorted to in order to ascertain the opinions of the voters, and hundreds of cases are reported of men losing their jobs for being Bryan advocates. The feeling of revolt is general, and it is doubtful if many votes will be secured by this policy. The schemes, moreover, do not always work. The Illinois Street company took a ballot of its employees. There was a separate ballot box for each candidate, and thus it was supposed that a straight tip would be obtained on each employee. Nearly every man voted at the McKinley box. When the votes were counted, much to the surprise of the company, it stood: McKinley, 286; Bryan, 2,763.—Frank K. Foster in Boston Labor Leader.

Chicago Printers For Bryan.

A poll of the leading newspapers in Chicago resulted as follows:

	Bryan.	McKinley.
Tribune	63	12
Record	82	5
Chronicle	60	10
Inter Ocean	57	18
Times-Herald	55	4
Total	317	44

The trade unionists have a silver club and hold daily meetings at noon, which are as large as the hall will hold. There is not the slightest doubt but that the overwhelming preponderance of organized labor is for Bryan all throughout the west.

Newspaper Men For Silver.

There are about 275 reporters and editorial writers employed on the Chicago papers. A careful canvass shows that 255 of them will vote for Bryan. Of the 61 writers on the staff of the Chicago Times-Herald 56 are for free silver and are earnest personal workers for Bryan and Sewall.

Hanna's Speeches.

Hanna has made as many speeches as Bryan, but they have been delivered in the back parlors of the banks.

Gold advocates say that a free silver law will "inflate" the volume of the currency. In the next breath they say that a free silver law will drive all the gold out of the country and contract the volume of currency by $600,000,000.

WONDERFUL are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and yet they are simple and natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes PURE BLOOD.

HIS INCONSISTENCY.

Views of Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll Four Years Ago.

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, who is now on the stump for Mark Hanna and the plutocrats, must have changed his political principles. At the Tabor Opera House in Denver May 22, 1892, he said in a public address:

"I said I would say one or two words tonight on such vulgar things as gold and silver. I am as satisfied as I am that I live that the few—the few who control the debts, the currency, the money of the world—have combined either consciously or unconsciously to make the debtor pay more than the creditor has the right to ask.

"The tendency has always been in this world to put the burden on those least able to bear them. In barbarian countries the women have to do the work simply because they are the weaker; that is all. And the others, being stronger, do not expend their strength in working, but expend their strength in making the weaker do the work.

"This is precisely the same in our civilized society today. Between the rich and the poor, if burden is to be borne in this country, it is borne always by the poor—always.

"They are the first to suffer. Let the blast of war blow in this country. Who goes to the war? The millionaire? Not one. Who goes? The great presidents of corporations? The bankers? The men who preside over our great vaults of gold? Not much. The poor go, because nine times out of ten the poorer the man is the more patriotic he seems to be. The poor bear the burdens of this country and of this world.

"Only a few years ago our money was gold and silver—money that had been the money of man for thousands of years. Our silver was demonetized and gold made the standard

"There is no man in the United States with ingenuity enough to account for the demonetization of silver in 1873. There is not one. We need altogether more money than we have.

"I believe that every ounce of silver that is dug under the American flag should be coined free under the American flag. In my country they are mostly on the other side. They are with the bankers—with the rich fellows. They get together and say we want gold. A man makes a contract to pay certain moneys in five years. I want a law so that he can pay the money when the contract comes due with the money that was money when he made the contract. I do not think the few should have the right to combine to increase the value of what people call money as against the debtor and in favor of the creditor.

"I know most people think it requires much more honesty to be ready to receive the money than it is to work in rain, snow and sleet to earn money. They think anybody could do that. And I know another thing about money. It is the most social stuff on earth. A dollar hates a poor man's pocket and will get out of it some way, and it will just roll off into a vault with a lot of companions.

"It is the most social thing in the world. But I want the free coinage of all the gold you can dig out of the mines and crevices of the rocks, and I want the free coinage of all the silver you can win from the mines of America. And if there are those who are not willing to take silver we will not trade with them. It would be a thousand times better for us if we never bought another thing from Europe."

What Mexico Lacks.

When goldbugs say that Mexico is ruined by silver, tell them that Mexico has only $4 in silver to the head of population, while France has four times as much. The trouble with Mexico is too little silver—too little cash of any kind and too much worthless corporation paper of the kind with which the wildcatters wish to flood the United States.

At first the Republican plutocrats treated the campaign of the people with sneers. Sneers finally gave way to falsehoods, and now falsehoods are sandwiched in between threats.

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

Lively Movement in Jewelry.

Away they roll, those handsome ring settings we have added to our Jewelry Stock—Don't put all your faith in silver or gold—either may depreciate in value after the election—a Diamond Ring from our stock of stones, perfectly selected and cut is always worth the money you invest in it.

J. A. Legault & Co.

One Price Jewelry Store,

CENTRAL ST., COR. PRESCOTT.

NOTICE OF State Election November 3, 1896.

CITY OF LOWELL

City of Lowell.

City Clerk's Office, October 12, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions of Title V of Chapter 417 of the Acts of the year 1892, that meetings of the citizens of Lowell qualified to vote as the law directs will be held on Tuesday, the Third day of November, 1896, in the various precincts of the several wards and at the following places:

WARD ONE.

Prect. 1.—Booth, Elliot St., cor. Middlesex St.

Prect. 2.—Jackson Hall.

Prect. 3.—Booth, cor. Bridge and First Sts.

WARD TWO.

Prect. 1.—Booth, cor Merrimack and Tremont Sts.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Mann School Yard.

Prect. 3.—Booth, North Common, opp. Morrill School.

WARD THREE.

Prect. 1.—Booth, cor. Rock and Willie Streets.

Prect. 2.—Ward Room, Engine House, Branch St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Junction of Middlesex, Branch and Dover Sts.

WARD FOUR.

Prect. 1.—Booth, cor. Thorndike and Highland Sts.

Prect. 2.—Booth, cor Congress and Gorham Sts.

Prect. 3.—Ward Room, Lyon St.

WARD FIVE.

Prect. 1.—Booth, George St., cor. Church Street.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Hosford Square, Central St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, cor. Chestnut and Fayette Sts.

WARD SIX.

Prect. 1.—Booth, Bridge St., near Hampshire St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, West Third St., near Bridge St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Lakeview Ave., near Aiken Ave.

WARD SEVEN.

Prect. 1.—Ward Room, Engine House, Fletcher St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Willie St., at Lighting Station.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Riverside St., cor. Mammoth Road.

WARD EIGHT.

Prect. 1.—Booth, Chester St. cor Westford St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, Plain St., near Chelmsford St.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Lincoln St., near Quebec St.

WARD NINE.

Prect. 1.—Ward Room, Engine House, High St.

Prect. 2.—Booth, cor. Rogers St. and Fort Hill Ave.

Prect. 3.—Booth, Moore St., near Gorham St.

The polls to be opened at six o'clock in the forenoon and closed at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Then and there to give in their votes on one ballot for—Fifteen Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States; Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary, Treasurer, Auditor, Attorney General, Councillor Sixth Councillor District; and in Wards Number Five and Nine for Senator Sixth Middlesex Senatorial District; and in Wards Number One, Two, Three, Four, Six, Seven and Eight for Senator Seventh Middlesex Senatorial District; and in Wards Number Four, Seven and Eight for three Representatives in the General Court from the Twenty-fifth Middlesex Representative District; and in Wards Number One, Two, Three and Six for three Representatives in the General Court from the Twenty-sixth Middlesex Representative District; and in Wards Number Five and Nine for two Representatives in the General Court from the Twenty-seventh Middlesex Representative District; for Clerk of Courts Middlesex County; for one County Commissioner; for Representative in Congress, Fifth District.

Also at the same time and place to give in their votes, Yes or No, on the following proposed articles of amendment to the Constitution, to wit:

First Article of Amendment.

The Governor, and Lieutenant-Governor, and Councillors, shall hold their respective offices for two years next following the first Wednesday in the January succeeding their election, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

The first election to which this article shall apply shall be that held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in the year Eighteen Hundred and Ninety-eight; and thereafter elections for the choice of all the officers before mentioned shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.

All the provisions of the Constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

Second Article of Amendment.

Senators and Representatives shall hold their respective offices for terms of two years, beginning with the first Wednesday in the January succeeding their election.

The first election to which this article shall apply shall be that held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in the year Eighteen Hundred and Ninety-eight; and thereafter elections for the choice of Senators and Representatives shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.

The General Court shall assemble every year on the first Wednesday in January; and each General Court shall, without any proclamation or other act of the Governor, be finally dissolved on the day preceding the day appointed for the first assembling of the next elected General Court.

All the provisions of the Constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

Also to give in their votes, Yes or No, on the question of the acceptance of Chapter 415 of the Acts of 1896, entitled "An Act to amend the Charter of the City of Lowell."

By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

In Board of Aldermen, Sept. 15, 1896.

Order authorizing and directing the City Clerk to publish Chapter 415 of the Acts of 1896.

Ordered by the City Council of the City of Lowell, assembled, as follows:

That the City Clerk be and he is hereby authorized and directed to publish in each of the daily papers printed in Lowell, for the information of the citizens of said Lowell, Chapter 415 of the Acts of the Legislature passed in 1896, said chapter being entitled "An Act to amend the Charter of the City of Lowell."

In Board of Aldermen, Sept. 15, 1896.

Read and adopted.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

In Common Council, Sept. 29, 1896.

Read and adopted in concurrence.

FRANK N. OWEN, Clerk.

Approved.

WM. F. COURTNEY, Mayor.

Oct. 9th, 1896.

(Chap. 415.)

An Act to amend the Charter of the City of Lowell.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 1. All executive powers which are now by law vested in the City Council of the city of Lowell, or either branch thereof, shall hereafter be vested in and exercised by the mayor of said city, except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

Section 2. The mayor may suspend or remove any executive or administrative officer, except as hereinafter provided, for such cause as he shall deem sufficient, and shall set forth in the order of suspension or removal his reasons therefor, provided that no removal shall be made upon partisan grounds. The order of suspension or removal shall not take effect until it is approved by the city council voting by yeas and nays. The city council may by a two thirds vote in each branch, voting by yeas and nays, remove any of said officers without the consent of the mayor; provided, however, that nothing contained in this section shall apply to any of the following departments, namely:—The school committee, the police commission, the water board, the overseers of the poor, or the trustees of the public library.

Section 3. There shall be a department of supplies, and all material and supplies for the city shall be purchased by the chief or head of such department, subject to the approval of the mayor. So far as is practicable purchases shall be after public advertisement and under contract approved by the mayor. All bills for material and supplies shall show the date of purchase, date of delivery, the unit of price, the quality, and quantity of articles purchased and received, the number and date of the order for purchase, and if the purchase is under contract, the number and date of the contract, and shall be entered in full in an invoice book, which shall always be open to public inspection. The chief of this department shall be elected by the qualified voters of the city voting at the annual municipal election, and shall hold his office for the next municipal year thereafter, subject to the provisions of section two of this act.

Section 4. The mayor shall cause to be kept a record of all his official acts, and to aid him in his official duties may appoint one or more clerks.

Section 5. The heads of the several departments and offices shall have the power to appoint and employ and to discharge all subordinate officers and employees in their respective departments; and they shall keep a record, subject to inspection, of all so appointed and employed and of all discharged, and in all cases of discharge the grounds therefor, provided, however, that no removals shall be made upon partisan grounds.

Section 6. The heads of the several departments and offices shall have the general charge and management of all matters pertaining to their respective departments, and shall make and execute all contracts necessary therefor, except for the purchase of material and supplies; but every contract made as aforesaid in which the amount involved exceeds three hundred dollars shall be approved by the mayor before going into effect; provided, that nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the city council by ordinance from transferring any of the duties imposed upon an appointed head of a department by this act or by ordinance, excepting the purchase of material and supplies, to another head of a department or board or commission.

Section 7. Neither the city council nor either branch thereof, nor any committee or member thereof, shall directly or indirectly take part in the employment of labor, the purchase of material, the construction, alteration or repair of any public works or other property, or in the care, custody or management of the same, or in general in the expenditure of public money or in the conduct of the executive or administrative business of the city, except as may be necessary for defraying the contingent and incidental expenses of the city council or of either branch thereof; nor shall they or either of them take part in the making of contracts.

Section 8. No sum appropriated for a specific purpose shall be expended for any other purpose, and no expenditure shall be made and no liability shall be incurred by or on behalf of the city until the city council has duly voted an appropriation sufficient to meet such expenditure or liability, together with all prior unpaid liabilities which are payable therefrom, except that after the expiration of the financial year and before the making of the regular annual appropriations, liabilities payable out of the regular appropriation may be incurred to an amount not exceeding one sixth of the total of the appropriation made for similar purposes in the preceding year; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to restrict or limit the school committee in any expenditure which it is now or may be hereafter authorized to make under any general law of the Commonwealth, or to restrict or limit payments on account of the permanent or temporary debt, or such as are required by law to be made to the Commonwealth.

Section 9. All revenues and all moneys accruing to the city of Lowell from any source whatever, except trust funds and the revenues of the water department, shall when collected or paid into the treasury be carried to one general account, to be known as the General Treasury Fund; and all appropriations by or on behalf of said city, except from trust funds and on account of the water department, shall be from such fund and as provided in section ten of this act.

Section 10. All bills or other claims, before they are finally certified by the auditor or paid, shall pass the inspection of a committee of the city council on accounts. Such committee shall consist of one member of the board of aldermen and two members of the common council, to be elected annually by ballot by the body they respectively represent. Said committee may report any such bill or claim to the city council with their reasons therefor, and no bill or claim so reported shall be passed by the auditor or be paid without the consent of the council. Said committee may require the opinion of the city solicitor as to the legality of a bill or other claim.

Section 11. A yea and nay vote of the members of the city council shall be required to pass any order or vote involving the expenditure or appropriation of the public moneys, or involving any debt or liability, and said vote shall be entered upon the records of each branch of the city council.

Section 12. Less than a quorum of either branch of the city council, or of the school committee, or of the board of overseers of the poor, may adjourn to a fixed day earlier than the next regular meeting, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members in such manner as the city council may by ordinance provide.

Section 13. All acts or parts of acts and all ordinances of the city of Lowell inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed and annulled; provided, that no act or ordinance heretofore repealed shall thereby be revived; and provided, also, that nothing in this act shall be taken to prohibit the city council from abolishing any department, board, office or commission created by ordinance.

Section 14. The question of the acceptance of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the city of Lowell at the annual state election in the present year, and the affirmative votes of a majority of the voters present and voting thereon shall be required for such acceptance. If so accepted so much thereof as provides for the election of a chief of the department of supplies shall take effect at the next annual municipal election, and the act shall take full effect on the first Monday of January in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-seven. (Approved May 16, 1896.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain it."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N.Y.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Pecke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 30 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PECKE, F.D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

Captain Snob: "Yes, it is a good machine; it cost me over £80."

Buttons (suddenly arriving): "If you please, sir, master says have you done with his machine, because he wants it."

If There is Anything You Need in

FURNITURE

Get it Now and Secure

ABSOLUTELY FREE one of our GRAND PREMIUM BOOKS

When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as

STORY OF MAN PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES

HEROES OF DARK CONTINENT AND OTHERS

REMEMBER, Our Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

PETER DAVEY,

Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2: STORE 314-2.

9 TIMES OUT OF 10.

When you look at your watch and some one sees you and asks you the time you will look again. It wasn't important enough to fix it on their mind but when you have tried most everything for your cough and have at last found relief by using "Goodale's Cough Cure" you remember it. It has that peculiarity of hitting the cough almost every time. 25c.

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street.

DO YOU KNOW A. L. KITTREDGE & CO. 208 Central Street? THEY ARE DEALERS IN FINE ARTISTS MATERIALS.

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?

DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

IF YOU ARE NOT AN EXPERT IN Arithmetic

It will pay you to take a course in the business department of the New England Business University. All our courses are thoroughly up-to-date, and are presented in a practical and interesting manner. We give the student Actual Business from the start in all departments, and our graduates are thoroughly competent office assistants.

If possible enter on or before Sept. 21st. School now in session. Call and see us.

GLICK & YOUNG, Props.

Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pill.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, Sure. Ladies, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Pills, Diamond Brand, in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

THE SAVOY THEATRE

KENDAL WESTON, - - - - - Manager.

This Week Only.

THE BIGGEST KIND OF SUCCESS

"CAMILLE"

Great Production—Crowded Houses—Great Enthusiasm.

Rose Stahl as Camille—Kendal Weston as Armand.

TURKISH COFFEE and Smoking Rooms. Matinee prices, Lower Floor 25c., Balcony 15c. Evening prices 15, 25, 35 and 50c. Box seats 75c.

Evenings at 8 o'clock. Wednesday and Saturday Matinees at 2.30. Carriages at 10.40 p.m. Seats on sale at Theatre and Ellingwood's Drug Store, Merrimack square one week in advance.

Next week Sardou's Great Comedy "A Scrap of Paper."

Music Hall

Oct. 22, 23, 24.

MAY SMITH ROBBINS,

—IN—

"Little Trixie"

Oct. 26, 27, 28.

CHARLES LEONARD FLETCHER,

and a Star Company in

"DR. JEKYLL AND Mr. HYDE."

By permission of Richard Mansfield elaborated and improved with Comedy Acts, Comic Features and other popular additions.

A Thrilling Play. The Event of the Season.

Baby Show

HUNTINGTON HALL

2.30 to 4.40 p. m.

SATURDAY, Nov. 7.

ENTRY BLANK.

Child's Name, ...

Age . . . . . .

Residence, ...

Parents, ...

Address "Baby Show," Citizen-Courier Office Lowell.

All babies under 2½ years eligible. Many valuable prizes for handsomest, Fattest, Smallest, Best Natured, etc. Special prizes for Twins and Triplets. Handsome prizes to the winners. The hall will be nice and warm.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cammock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

FALL MILLINERY

Stock new, complete, novel, artistic. Our Prices are the lowest in town.

ABBIE M. SMITH

175 Merrimack Street.

Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant.

YOUR FALL OUTFIT.

That is, all the essential articles such as Hats, Gloves, Fancy Bosom Shirts, Neckwear, etc., that figure in apparel of the well dressed man may be found in our stock. Not an out-of-date article in any of these lines. Come in and look them over.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

5 O'CLOCK

BRYAN TOURING ILLINOIS

He Strongly Condemns the Insult to Carlisle.

The Democratic Leader Speaks From a Motor Car in Illinois—Against Biennial Elections—Congressman Fitzgerald For Free Silver—Other Matters.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24. — Secretary Carlisle found himself the center of widespread attention yesterday, in consequence of the indignity offered him during his speech Thursday night in Covington. The first indications came in calls from friends and neighbors, anxious to assure him of their regrets for the scene. Later messages began to arrive, showing that similar feeling existed in other portions of the state. At length Mr. Carlisle was obliged to deny himself to callers to enable him to get the rest he needed, and to attend to his correspondence. The feeling in Covington, as well as in Cincinnati, runs high, and the event is much discussed. The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, regardless of politics, called a special meeting and appointed a committee to give Mr. Carlisle a most urgent invitation to visit the Chamber of Commerce before he returns to Washington. In addition to this a large delegation of Gold Democrats from Walnut Hills called to urge the secretary to make them an address, and to allow them to testify their appreciation by giving him a becoming hearing. To all requests for speeches, Mr. Carlisle was obliged to give a refusal, saying that the five speeches he has promised in Kentucky fully occupy all the time he can spare from his public duties.

A Lesson on Disgrace.

Peoria, Ills., Oct. 24.—The greatest reception of the day was accorded Mr. Bryan when he arrived in Peoria last evening. The streets were crowded, and he was given a continual ovation from the time he left the depot until he had started to speak. Three meetings were held here, one in the Tabernacle, another in Rouse's hall, to an audience made up exclusively of the trades' union men, and a third in the open air, on the court house square. Thousands were unable to gain admittance to the hall, and thousands more were unable to get within sound of the speaker's voice at the open air meeting. It was 11 o'clock before Mr. Bryan finished his work, and he returned at once to his car. Speaking of the Covington incident, Mr. Bryan said: "I condemn the disturbance at Mr. Carlisle's meeting as much as any disturbance offered at any silver meeting. Let each individual remember that no disgrace can be heaped by him upon any other person. A man cannot be disgraced by another. The man disgraces himself when disgrace comes, and those who attempt to offer indignity to another, injure themselves far more than they do the object of their attack. I know that in this campaign there has been resentment by many, who, in the past, advocated our doctrine, but who now advocate another doctrine. I know that these changes have been made without sufficient reason or excuse being given to the public, but, my friends, leave these men to history, because history is just. If they have done wrong, they shall be punished. If they are right, we should not punish them." The Bryan train was taken out of Peoria at 11:30. Mr. Bryan made addresses at Springfield and several other places yesterday.

Democrats Say They Will Fight.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Judge Tuley yesterday refused to issue an injunction restraining Chief of Police Badenoch from interfering with the free silver parade, on the night of Oct. 31. He held that the court had no jurisdiction in the matter, and that the right to allow the parade was vested in the chief of police. Democratic leaders stated in open court that they will fight the police force, or any one else who attempts to prevent their marching in parade on the night of Oct. 31. Chief Badenoch, on the other hand, declares that it would endanger the peace of the city to have two opposing political factions marching the streets at the same time, and says that the Democrats will not be allowed to parade. Developments are being eagerly awaited.

Five Delegations at Canton.

Canton, O., Oct. 24.—Major McKinley was visited by five delegations yesterday, and to everyone he spoke. They were from four states — Pennsylvania sent two; Indiana, one; Ohio, one, and Kansas the other. The first lot of callers was the Indiana company that arrived here before daylight. They waited at the hotels until 9:30 o'clock, when a formal call was made at the McKinley residence. The second party came from Kansas. This consisted of several hundred railway men. They had traveled 24 consecutive hours to reach this city, and arrived at the McKinley home unexpectedly. They were very cordially received, however. The third party of the day was about 100 from Pittsburg. They were residents of Pennsylvania. Following this party, Ohio sent a large party from Van Wert and contiguous territory. The next delegation was the largest of the day. It came from Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and was made up largely of employes of iron, glass and tin mills. It was a very enthusiastic party. This delegation presented to Major McKinley a handsome mirror, the product of a glass factory of Armstrong county.

Biennial Election Agitation.

Boston, Oct. 24.—A meeting was held in Faneuil hall last night, to protest against the adoption of the biennial election amendment, which the people are to vote upon Nov. 3. Ex-Governor Boutwell said that the opponents of annual elections say that business interests are interfered with by annual elections. Business interests were of secondary importance, however, when the rights of the people to make their voice heard frequently in elections were in jeopardy. Rev. Edward Everett Hale said that in Massachusetts the people make the constitution, and the people govern the state. In the other states where the governors are elected for four years, the governor is the ruler, and not the people. George E. McNeil said that the petition for biennial elections did not come from the people, it came from the dudes of society, who were looking out for their own interests. Gamaliel Bradford said that no other state had been distinctly benefitted, either in legislation or administration, by the change. But there is evidence, he said, that many states have suffered from the change. Resolutions condemning the proposed amendment were adopted.

Fitzgerald For Silver.

Boston, Oct. 24.—At a rally here last night, John F. Fitzgerald, the only Democratic congressman at present in New England, and a candidate for reelection, announced his acceptance of the Chicago platform and candidates. He said: "I have supported the Democratic party and platforms ever since I became a voter. I have always been loyal to the nominees of the Democratic party, and to the principles of that great organization, and I stand today as loyal and as firm in my devotion to my party and its principles as I have ever been."

Bogus Barons Exposed.

Denver, Oct. 24. — General Wheaton and officers of the United States army in this city, have for several weeks been handsomely entertaining two Germans of distinguished appearance, who gave the names of Baron von Livetzow and Baron von Sack-Mitzlaff, and said they were officers of the German army. They represented that they were on a tour round the world, without money and in the guise of tramps to win a wager. Among the entertainments provided for the strangers was a ball given in their honor at Fort Logan. Suspicion was finally aroused, and a telegram was sent to the German embassy at Washington, which was answered by saying that nothing is known there of the two men, who had represented that on their arrival in this country they had presented their credentials to the German ambassador.

Can Be No Favoritism.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The acting secretary of the treasury has approved bonds in the case of three Armenian refugees, recently barred from landing at New York. The condition in the bonds is that they will never become public or private charges while they remain in this country. A large number of Armenians, who recently arrived, have been landed, they having successfully passed the examination of the board of special inquiry. Acting Commissioner Larned states that the immigration bureau is strictly and solidly administrative in its functions, and has no authority whatever to waive any requirements or condition prescribed by the law, and hence the refugees from Turkey must prove their right to land, or they must be debarred.

According to Business Custom.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Acting Governor Wolcott gave a long hearing yesterday morning, at the state house, on the requisition papers received from the governor of Missouri, for the extradition of Edwin E. Wilson, a produce dealer, who is wanted in the latter state to answer to an indictment for grand larceny. A petition signed by 57 prominent produce dealers of Boston set forth the opinion that, should the governor honor the papers in the present case, every one of them might be liable to extradition, where they had absolutely done nothing wrong, but simply because of the manner of transacting business with the west. The governor took the matter under advisement.

Received Contents of Shotgun.

Greenville, N. H., Oct. 24.—Frederick C. Burton of Temple was shot and instantly killed by his own shotgun yesterday. His body was found beside his wagon. It is thought that, while driving along the road, he saw a partridge on a tree, and in picking up his gun, it was prematurely discharged. The contents of the weapon entered his right side.

In Interest of Morality.

Boston, Oct. 24. — As the result of a movement of the Watch and Ward society of this city, to suppress the "button craze," William Landers, a street vender, was fined $100, on a charge brought by Agent Davis of the society, of selling obscene matter.

APPLE AND HONEY

Prevents pulmonary diseases,
Preserves the bronchial tubes,
Lessens lung troubles,
Eradicates purulent secretions.

Always acts promptly,
Never fails to comfort,
Delightful to take.

Has wonderful curative properties,
Often saves a doctor,
Nausea permanently prevented,
Every one likes it,
You should try it.

JOHN M. PEVEY, 55-57 MIDDLE ST.

CRISP'S PASSING

Death Came as a Welcome Relief.

HE HAD BEEN ON THE WAY TO RECOVERY

When Seized With Congestion of the Lungs.

Atlanta, Oct. 24.—Charles F. Crisp, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, died here yesterday.

The end came at 1:45. Mr. Crisp has been an inmate of the sanitarium of Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, in this city, for several weeks. His condition had been reported as very low, but no fatal conclusion to his sickness had been expected so soon.

CHARLES F. CRISP.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, director of the Halcyon sanitarium, made the following statement of his sickness, and the manner of the end:

"Judge Crisp had been in ill-health for the past six or eight months. He had been suffering for two or three years with intense pains, coming at intervals, in the chest. He had two attacks of pneumonia, one about four years ago, and the other about two years ago. On account of ill-health, he had to give up his joint debates, last summer with Hoke Smith. After the speeches in June, he went to Asheville, N. C., and spent some time there. From there he went to Tate Springs, and remained until about the middle of August, then going to his home in Americus. There he was taken with malaria fever. He came to Atlanta for treatment. He came here to the sanitarium on Sept. 16. I examined him carefully and found evidence of his previous attacks of pleuro-pneumonia. His fever yielded to the treatment, and 10 days ago he was considered convalescent. He was out driving several times last week, even as late as last Sabbath, and was feeling unusually well on that day. Sunday night he was attacked with congestion of the lungs. He suffered intensely all day Monday, and Tuesday he was still in bed. He was better Wednesday. Yesterday he had a favorable day. The lung trouble yielded very satisfactorily to the treatment. Last night he was visited with very severe pains in the chest, that occurred at very short intervals. He continued to have these paroxysms until this afternoon, when he suddenly expired, probably from rupture of the heart, and the result of fatty degeneration."

Washington, Oct. 24.—Speaker Crisp's death was not altogether a surprise in political circles, as it had been known for some months that he had not long to live, and never again could be an active figure in public affairs. The speaker had several spells of sickness in Washington. He suffered from asthma, and later from heart trouble. His ill-health, however, did not become a matter of public notoriety until the past spring, when he was compelled to abandon a series of joint debates, arranged with ex-Secretary Hoke Smith, by reason of the advice of his physicians that it would imperil his life for him to continue the debate, which had attracted great state, as well as national interest, by reason of the fact that it involved the position of the Democratic party of the state on the silver question, as well as the senatorship from Georgia, for which the ex-speaker was an active candidate. The silver men won their fight, and Mr. Crisp, had he lived, would have been the next senator from Georgia.

He was a forceful speaker, but a man of great tact, and possessed of other qualities that eminently fitted him for leadership in a parliamentary assemblage. His first prominence in national affairs came from the skill with which he led his party in several warm election contests. The prestige he then acquired led to his election to the speakership, after one of the most memorable canvasses in the history of the house. His chief opponent was Senator Roger Q. Mills of Texas, whom he defeated after a struggle that was prolonged so that the house of representatives, contrary to custom, assembled on the opening day with the question of its next speaker still in doubt.

As speaker, Mr. Crisp was fair, but firm. His rulings have been upheld, and though sometimes they were the subject of considerable criticism from his political opponents, he always commanded their respect and confidence.

He was a pronounced advocate of the free coinage of silver, and on one occasion his casting vote as speaker saved the defeat of a free coinage bill. On the other hand, it was largely due to his firmness in ruling that passed the Sherman silver repeal law through the house, his ruling defeating a formidable filibustering movement, led by Mr. Bland of Missouri, and others.

Charles F. Crisp was born in England in 1845, and came to this country when a child. His parents were actors, and so was young Crisp for a while. He served in the Confederate army, and afterward studied law and practiced for six years. He was made solicitor general, and afterward a judge of the supreme court, but gave up his judicial office to accept an election in the Georgia legislature. In 1883 he was elected to congress, and was a hard working member of that body for several years. While speaker of the house he declined the appointment as senator, to succeed Colquitt, because he thought he could be more use to his party where he was. He married Clara Bell Burton. Mr. and Mrs. Crisp had seven children, of whom four are living.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

A RISE IN WHEAT.

Has Been the Notable Event of the Week In Trade Circles.

New York, Oct. 24.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "The event of the week has been the sensational advance of wheat to 83 cents for cash on Tuesday, a rise of 6½ cents, and its fall to 77 cents on Thursday, gaining 1⅝ on Friday. The rise was magnified by covering of speculative sellers, who imagined the advance had gone too far, but was at bottom based on an extraordinary foreign demand, which has engaged grain vessels from all Pacific, as well as Atlantic, ports for months ahead. How great the shortage in ordinary European supplies may be is the point of doubt and speculation, but none now question that shipments from the Pacific coast to India and the decrease in Russian yield are important, and the buying of enormous quantities for export, with engagements of freight room at higher rates, express the belief of European dealers.

Wheat exports from the Pacific coast are large, and over 500,000 bushels a day have been engaged ahead for some time. The Atlantic exports, about 900,000 bushels larger than last year for the week, have been, in October, 6,570,213 bushels, flour included, against 5,086,288 last year. It is worthy of note that western roads are complaining of a car famine, the demand for movement to market being so great, though the actual receipts for three weeks at western ports have been 21,192,716 bushels, against 23,061,514 last year, following a much increased movement in the quarter ending with September. Corn moves largely, and at lower prices, having declined 1 cent for the week. Cotton has advanced 1-16th to 8 cents, with only moderate transactions, and heavy receipts from plantations.

The most striking feature of industrial returns is the number of contracts conditioned upon the election. These already are enough to make business rather lively for a time, and many others are pending, which will probably be held back until Nov. 1. The buying of materials not only advances prices, but induces larger purchases of the finished products without conditions. In boots and shoes this is more noticeable than other lines, and many orders are being placed at an advance, which were held back for some weeks.

Buying of Bessemer pig at Pittsburg causes a slight advance, and all markets are strong for pig, but not for finished products. But the tone of the market is better, and a decided increase of orders appears in plates.

Failures for the week have been 274 in the United States, against 231 last year, and 60 in Canada, against 26 last year.

Chained In Burning House.

Williamsport, Pa., Oct. 24.—The small frame house of Martin Morse, at Canton, was discovered on fire yesterday. The doors were fastened, and upon breaking them down, the neighbors found Mrs. Leroy, aged 90, alone, and chained to the walls. The chains were broken, and the frantic woman carried from the building as the roof fell in. Mrs. Leroy made her home with her daughter and son-in-law. The man was working in the field near by, and later the wife returned from a neighbor's house, after the building had been consumed. Mr. and Mrs. Morse say that the old lady is childish, and to keep her out of mischief, they chained her when they went away from home. The fire began on the top floor, and Mrs. Leroy was chained down stairs.

Wanted For Murder.

Providence, Oct. 24.—George Veris, who killed Diamantres Demisamtopwlos, near Sparta, Greece, in March, 1895, was arrested on the street yesterday afternoon. He was recognized by the brother of his vistim, who pointed him out to the officers. When taken to the police station, the prisoner acknowledged his guilt, and will, in all probability, be sent to Greece for trial and punishment.

Concert Wasn't Sacred.

Boston, Oct. 24.—A jury in the superior criminal court yesterday, returned a verdict of guilty against Proprietor Tompkins, of the Boston theater, charged with giving a concert on Sunday May 3, which was not sacred. This verdict confirms the decision of the lower court in regard to the case. The concert in question was given by Sousa's band.

Must Pay the Penalty.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Judge Gaskell, in the superior criminal court yesterday, sentenced J. L. Moore, ex-treasurer of the Globe Investment company, to state prison for a term of from three to 3½ years. Moore was treasurer of the company when it failed, and soon after was arrested and charged with embezzling a sum of $2400 from Judge E. H. Bennett. An indictment being found against him, he was tried in the criminal court and found guilty. An appeal was immediately taken to the supreme court, and a few months ago an adverse decision was rendered, overruling the exceptions made by his counsel at the trial. Yesterday, Moore appeared in court for sentence. Judge Gaskell was proof against strong pleas for clemency, and Moore goes to state prison. The affairs of the Globe Investment company are in a well nigh hopeless state of confusion, and it will be years before Receiver Wyman will be able to untangle the knotted skein of financial ruin brought on by Moore's mismanagement.

Boston Loses a Distinguished Citizen.

Boston, Oct. 24. — Colonel Oliver W. Peabody, of the banking house of Kidder, Peabody & Co., died yesterday. For several months he had been troubled with a complication of diseases, which at last resulted in heart failure. He was born in Springfield on May 9, 1834. Colonel Peabody's reputation as a soldier and commanding officer during his service was of the highest character for executive ability and bravery. Colonel Peabody greatly delighted in unostentatious charities, and especially at Christmas time his benefactions have been abundant. It was not alone the actual poor who were thus remembered, but a careful watch was kept for those who were out of employment, or who, having large families and small incomes, found it hard to "make both ends meet." Such were always sought out and their needs supplied. It is safe to say that the sum of his annual charities amounted to thousands of dollars.

Hurricane Due.

Washington, Oct. 24. — The weather bureau has issued the following notice: Hoist southeast hurricane signals, storm central in Mississippi, moving to the northeast, and will probably cause high winds in the middle Atlantic and North Carolina coast on Saturday.

Liquor, Tobacco and Dead Body.

Halifax, Oct. 24.—Schooner Maggie Alice reports that she fell in with a small schooner, dismasted and full of water. They found on board the body of a man, and a quantity of liquor and tobacco. Buried the man at sea.

LORD SALISBURY

Ordered the Release of Kidnapped Chinaman.

WHO WAS THREATENED WITH DEATH AS A SPY

In Case He Could Not Be Smuggled Away.

London, Oct. 24. — The Marquis of Salisbury, yesterday, demanded the release of Sun-Wen, the Chinese physician, said to be a British subject, who was, according to the statement of his friends, kidnapped while passing the Chinese legation here, and who was held a prisoner on the charge of having been engaged in a conspiracy to overthrow the Manchu dynasty.

Detectives formed a complete cordon around the Chinese legation, every door and window was watched, and they were ordered to seize Sun-Wen and release him if he was brought out.

The Marquis of Salisbury had read a number of affidavits in the case, and immediately sent a strongly worded letter to the Chinese envoy, pointing out that the method adopted by the legation in arresting Sun-Wen was not needed, as the courts were open to the Chinese officials to obtain any criminal, or other legal process. The premier also said that he could not fail to point out that the act savored of unfriendliness, as a seeming violation of the right of asylum to which England was committed by every tradition and belief, and he asked the envoy to immediately release the imprisoned Chinaman and so avoid further unpleasantness.

Later in the day Sir Halliday Macartney, the counsellor of the Chinese legation, called at the foreign office and said that Sun-Wen would be released without prejudice to the rights of the legation, which was involved. In accordance with the statement of Sir Halliday Macartney, Sun-Wen was released at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

After his release, Sun-Wen, in an interview, denied that he entered the Chinese legation of his own accord, as claimed by the Chinese officials. He said he was passing the legation, which, at the time, he did not know as the Chinese official headquarters in London, when he met a Chinaman, with whom he got into conversation. The stranger, in the course of a chat with Sun-Wen, said that he also came from Canton, and, walking along, they soon met another Chinaman, who, it appears, emerged from the legation, and was introduced to Sun-Wen by the first Chinaman, who, it develops, was the interpreter of the Chinese legation, and who is named Tang. After talking a little, the party was joined by another Chinaman, and Tang thereupon left. Continuing, Sun-Wen said:

"We then returned, and passing the legation, the two remaining Chinamen asked me to enter. Before I could reply they pushed me inside the door, and slammed it behind me. Once inside the building, I was forced upstairs to the fourth story by my companions, who were big men, and who locked me in a room. Almost immediately afterward a gentleman (described as being Sir Macartney) entered, and said: 'You are in China now.' He asked me if my name was Sun-Wen, and when I acquiesced, he said he arrested me upon information received from the Chinese minister at Washington, who had cabled the Chinese legation here that Sun-Wen was on board the Majestic.

"The next day," continued Sun-Wen, "Tang appeared, and said: 'Everything is settled. We are going to bind and gag you, and to carry you out at night on board a ship we have chartered. If we can't smuggle you away, we can kill you, as this is China,'" meaning the legation.

Sun-Wen further stated, in reply to questions on the subject, that he was provided with food when he asked for it and it seems that his friends succeeded in communicating with him, through the English servants of the legation, by means of notes, hidden among the coals.

The Times, in an editorial, does not doubt that the foreign office will find means of making the rulers of China understand that they have gone a little too far in the kidnapping of Sun-Wen, and they must not again offend similarly. We are surprised, says The Times, that Sir Halliday Macartney (the counsellor of the Chinese legation) acquiesced in such a transaction.

Exchanging Congratulations.

Rome, Oct. 24.—The King and Queen of Italy, and the crown prince, surrounded by the court officials, held a solemn reception at the palace yesterday, to which all the ministers, the presidents of the chambers, and a large number of senators and deputies were invited. The presidents of the chambers presented their majesties with an address of congratulation upon the approaching marriage of the Prince of Naples to the Princess Helene of Montenegro. King Humbert, in replying, dwelled upon the two dynasties, alike, he said, in valor at arms, love of the fatherland and in generous efforts to elevate the people. His majesty added that the Prince of Naples, in his choice of a wife belonging to a race of brave defenders of their nation and independence, believed that in his heart the names of the two houses were synonymous of liberty and independence.

Liberal Government Prospers.

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—The financial statement of the Dominion of Canada, for the first three months of the Liberal government, shows an increase in the revenue of every department of the service. The public debt was reduced by over $8,000,000, while the general expenditure was also reduced. During the last year of the late government, up to June 30 last, the deficit was $563,000, and there was added to the public debt $5,000,000. The trade returns for the three months, up to Sept. 30 last, show an increase of $7,000,000, in exports and imports.

Smashup In Cuba.

Habana, Oct. 24.—A rear-end collision, between two military trains, has occurred at the station at Guines, Habana, as the result of which the last car of the forward train was smashed and four soldiers killed, 20 wounded, and one major and eight officers wounded. The engineer and fireman of the latter train have been arrested, on the ground that they did not obey a signal to stop.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

Didn't Get Fairly Started.

Leroy, N. Y., Oct. 24.—A daring attempt was made to enter the Bank of Leroy at midnight. Officer Daggs discovered two men working at the front door, but as he approached they ran away. An hour later they were at it again, and were again driven away. The burglars had started two gimlet holes below the spring lock.

Against Football.

Bristol, Conn., Oct. 24.—The parents of the high school pupils here have petitioned the principal to disband the school football eleven, claiming the game is detrimental to the studies and needlessly endangers life and limb.

Another bright, lively paper is ensured for readers of the Sunday Press tomorrow. The Press is owned by no party or faction and gives "the inside" of politics and the news without fear or favor.—Adv.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to Oct. 4, 1896.
TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 5.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.45, 2.30, 3.20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.30, 8.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 12.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.30 a. m, 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, and way stations, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., and the Provinces, 5.10 p. m., except Saturday. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, 8.30, a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays, 12.05 p. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Tuesdays and Friday at 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 4, 1896, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5 45, 6 30, ¶6 50, *7 45, *8 50, ¶900, *9 40, 11 00 a. m.; 1 40, ¶3.00, 4.25, ¶5 35 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5 48, 6 33, ¶6 53, *7 01, 7 12, *7 27, 7 33, *7 48, *8 57, 9 03, *9 59, 11 03, 11 42 a. m, 12 16, 1 43, ¶3 03, *3 55, 4 00, 4 23, 5 22, 5 38, 6 21, 7 51 p. m. SUNDAYS, *7 13, *7 27, 8 48, *9 18 a. m; 4 25, 5 63 p. m.
For Woburn, 5 50, 7 01, 7 33, 7 45, 11 00 a.m.; 1 40, 4 28, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8 45 a. m., 4 26, 5 58 p. m.
*Express. ¶Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, 7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.53 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 6.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.13 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.13, 9.40, 10.09 a. m; 12.00, 1.00, 1.40, 3.43, 5.40, 6.17, 8.13, 8.40 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.00 a. m. (to Nashua only) 2.08 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.12, 8.40 p.m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.40 a. m; 12.09, 1.40 (to Franklin only), 5.40, †8.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.40 a.m; 1.40, †8.40 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.40 a. m.; 12.09, †8.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.40 a. m.; †8.40 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.40, 8.40 p. m., daily except Sunday.
† Daily for Montreal.
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 108 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,
21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST 161 CENTRAL ST. Opposite the Washington House

GOOD NEWS

For those that want to

Save Money

We have just bought of the Manufacturer
500 PAIRS OF SHOES
Ranging in price from
15 TO 50 CENTS
a pair. These shoes are slightly soiled, but they will wear as well as higher priced ones. We also have 200 pairs of MISSES' BUTTON SHOES and RUBBERS, sizes from 11 to 2 and will close them out at 85 cents at

WILLIAM WADES
TWO DOORS BELOW OLD POSTOFFICE

DR. WALKER DENTIST

VELOCIPEDES
TRICYCLES
EXPRESS WAGONS
PROPELLER WAGONS
DOLL CARRIAGES
TOYS OF ALL KINDS
FRUIT PICKERS
APPLE PARERS

You Can Buy of
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 16, Hildreth Building.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street.
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block.
Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

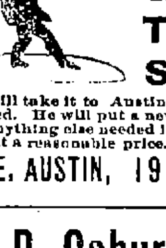
JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.
Counsellors-at-Law.
William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE
OLD 64 CIGAR
H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street.
Photographers.
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty
All work guaranteed

W. A. LEW, 40 John Street.
Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.



This Umbrella Has Cone To Smash.

I will take it to Austin's and have it repaired. He will put a new cover on it and do anything else needed in a first class manner at a reasonable price.

C. E. AUSTIN, 19 Bridge Street.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Artists Materials of all descriptions for China Water color and oil painting, China to be fired should be left at our store Saturday,
63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

Did you know that
BERTRAND, THE TAILOR
24 Middle Street,
Makes clothing for the best dressed people in town? Try him with an order for a Fall Suit or Overcoat.

"A Noble Piece of Work is Man"

When his beauty lines have been brought out to advantage by the tailor.

Few are proportionate, all lose natural proportion as the years go by.

Thus ready-made garments are impossible as regards fit in the true sense.

Come to us with your perplexities. We are old hands, and you will profit by our knowledge and experience.

$16 and $18 for Suits from choicest Scotches, Worsteds, etc.

Fine Overcoats at $15 and $18. Best $20 and $25.

GUARANTEE
TAILORING CO.
42 Central Street.

WANT COLUMN.

SECURE EMPLOYMENT — Learn dress cutting and work for us. Positions given to competent pupils. Room 53, Central block.

TENEMENT TO LET—Small lower tenement at No. 11 James street. Inquire of Mrs. A. B. Chalifoux, with J. L. Chalifoux, Central street.

FOUND—A ladies' pocketbook containing money. Owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Apply at Waverly house.

WANTED.—Thousands of mechanics of all kinds to use "Saproshine" for cleaning their soiled and caloused hands. Ask grocers for it.

GOOD INVESTMENT.—300 shares stock in active company for sale at $4 per share, must be sold to settle estate. Address post office box 1804, Boston.

WANTED—Furniture, carriages to store; at 183 Chelmsford street.

FOR SALE—In Centralville new cottage house, 4200 feet of land. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A position as stenographer and typewriter; experienced; mercantile or legal work; can give good recommendation; also good references. Address R, Sun office, Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE—Near Stevens street, new two story house, 6000 feet of land. This is a bargain. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE.—In N. H., large farm of 100 acres. Large house; two good barns, lots of fruit, good sugar orchard, lots of wood and timber. If you want a farm call and see. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 76 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.
Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

LOWELL
RENDERING CO.
Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc.
Dead animals removed.
Factory and Office, So. Lowell
Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 582-4.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE OF TRUNKS and BAGS
Our entire stock of TRUNKS, BAGS, POCKET-BOOKS, STRAPS, etc., to be Slaughtered at prices unheard of.
LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY
P. DEVINE, Prop.,
70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building.

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING!
Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.
DAVIS & NICKERSON,
Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET.
New Goods Arriving Every Week.

VERY LITTLE EFFORT Will enable you to reach us—JUST A CARD.
Telling us to get your sleigh and put it in running order.
You will be none too early if you do it TODAY.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.
Kitson Building, — Worthen Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour, the best in the city.

SCHOOL SHOES
For Boys and Girls
Shoes that will stand the strain, of HARD WEAR
AT EASY PRICES.
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, - - - Prop.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:09; sets, 5:48.
Length of day—11h. 39m.
Moon rises—6:03 p. m.
Full sea—12:30 a. m.; 12:45 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Threatening weather and rain, followed by clearing weather in western portion; brisk southerly winds, shifting to northerly in southerly portion, and becoming high off the coast; cooler.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Winter Arrangement, Oct. 4, 1896.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 21	6 50	6 00	7 06
6 20	7 45	6 31	7 50
6 50	8 08	6 41	8 20
*7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*7 13	8 02	*8 30	9 20
*7 27	8 12	*9 00	9 50
7 33	8 50	9 15	10 25
*7 45	8 25	10 00	11 15
*8 30	9 40	10 45	11 58
9 00	10 30	11 30	12 07
9 49	10 40	12 30	12 50
11 00	12 05	4 01	5 08
11 42	12 27	2 00	3 03
12 16	1 07	*3 00	*3 40
1 40	2 30	3 34	4 44
3 00	4 25	4 15	5 32
*3 55	4 42	*5 00	5 44
4 25	5 32	5 25	6 22
5 25	6 13	6 51	7 05
6 35	6 59	6 15	7 50
*6 21	7 07	*7 30	*8 10
*7 51	8 50	*8 00	*8 40
		10 15	11 22
		11 29	12 23

Sunday Trains.

*7 13	8 02	2 15	*3 00
*7 27	8 12	9 00	*10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	6 27
*9 15	10 10	5 00	*5 20
*9 25	5 32	7 30	*8 10
*9 38	7 00	8 00	*8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 46
1 00	12 02	4 50	1 03
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 15	1 50	3 40	4 50
2 30	3 41	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	6 01	6 30
4 05	5 20	6 01	7 09
5 10	6 32	6 35	7 48
6 15	7 15	9 40	10 41
7 00	8 05	11 15	11 18
9 30	10 41		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 27
5 00	6 50	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 38		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

‡From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS.

Always wins, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

Messrs. John and Daniel McDonald have returned from Nova Scotia.

The engagement is announced of William T. Day to Miss Jennie Ashworth.

The Bijou Theatre is a desirable location for society hall, club rooms, or mercantile business and can be rented.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

Lost.—On Merrimack street, a lady's gold watch, with chain and charm. Finder will be rewarded by calling at Sun office.

Wanted—A good canvasser. Man who has had experience. Must give reference. A Catholic preferred. Address X, Sun office.

Evangelist Moody will pass through Lowell on Monday and a mass meeting will be held in the First Congregational church.

The alumni association of St. Patrick's Boys' school will meet at the school at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning to arrange for a sociable.

Mrs. Alice E. Hutchinson observed her 18th birthday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Stearns at 138 Hale street last evening. A very pleasant party was held.

Two bicycles were stolen from the Tremont and Suffolk yard yesterday. They were the property of Calvin L. Joy, 400 Bridge street and Frank Tosti, 9 Court avenue.

Wear White Bros. & Co.'s "box calf" shoes, sold by J. L. Chalifoux. This leather is guaranteed water proof by these celebrated Lowell tanners. Mr. Chalifoux has these goods both for ladies and gentlemen.

Some members of the Lowell campaign clubs who went to Peabody Thursday night saved a little girl, named Myrtle Le Freniere, from being assaulted by Melville F. Poole of Salem. Yesterday in the police court, Poole was held in $600 for trial next Tuesday.

Now Fuel.

Dr. Brissett of this city has succeeded in solidifying crude petroleum so that it may be used as coal is used.

Wedding Rings, Wedding Presents,
To suit every person at J. D. Grant's, 54 Merrimack street.

Statue Committee Suit.

It is expected that the suit of Dansereau vs. members of the Fr. Garin statue committee, will be called some day next week at the session of the superior court in Hampden county.

This is an action of tort brought by the plaintiff, who says that he should have been awarded the contract for the construction of the Fr. Garin statue on the ground that he was the lowest bidder.

Mde. P. L. Gregoire

Has received from Paris a letter from Mde. Fumery. Among many things mentioned the round hat, large crown, medium height, worked with paillettes d'or, and the moss drapery, is much worn this fall. Everything is draped. It is the chic of the modiste Parisienne which is revealed in the way of handling her velvet.

For trimming there is the moire souple ribbon, the latest nouveauté this winter. The greatest success of the season is the fantaisie coq. placed on pink moirie foundation, which are draped in 100 different styles. The tones are yellow red, red coquelicot. The moss green de l'emeraude jusqu' au nil.

Lowell Textile School.

The committee on construction of the Lowell Textile school held a meeting at treasurer Talbot's office in Boston yesterday and elected Christopher P. Brooks, a native of Lancashire, England, director of the Lowell school and professor of of cotton spinning and weaving.

He founded the textile department of the school of science, art and technology at Blackburn, Lancashire and was in charge there for several years. He was afterwards appointed by the City Guild of the London Institute to whose supervision and abundant resources technical education in England owed so largely its development, examiner for all England of textile schools, serving in that capacity five years.

Les Miserable bowling alleys and billiard hall now open. East Merrimack street.

22 lbs. Sugar for $1.00.

Again we greet you on sugar. We are selling 22 lbs. of the best granulated sugar for $1.00, and we will deliver free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 88 Merrimack street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Savoy Theatre.

Camille continues in favor with the large audiences present at this pretty play house and Mr. Weston has been asked repeatedly to continue it another week. But it is the policy to run a play one week, only, and this evening witnesses the last performance of this ever popular play.

Miss Stahl as "Camille" has won many friends this past week and her interpretation of this trying part has exceeded the expectations of all who did not know her capability.

Next week the company will be seen in "A Scrap of Paper," a comedy by Sardou, one of the most artistic comedies ever written. It will be given with the minutest attention to details, and the stage setting will be a surprise to all.

Music Hall.

The majority of Lowell people have either read or heard of Robert Louis Stevenson's famous novel, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." It was first dramatized by Mr. Richard Mansfield and since that time the leading actor making the play his leading work is Mr. Charles Leonard Fletcher. So perfect and entertaining is his work, that Mr. Mansfield cheerfully gave him permission to use his repertoire. This alone a great card. Manager Boody of Music Hall is to be congratulated upon securing Mr. Fletcher and his star company to give their great scenic and comedy production of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" at Music Hall, Oct. 26, 27, 28, with a special matinee Wednesday, the 28th inst.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Stablemen defeated the Shoppers of the water department last night by a score of 1905 to 1855.

The employes of the bottling room at Hood's were victorious over the basement employes, 1955 to 1898.

In the Vesper tournament, last night, Team Two defeated Team Three, 2258 to 2219.

Birthday Party.

A surprise party was tendered Mrs. T. Burnhamton the occasion of her eightieth birthday, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Conant, 282 High street, last evening. The old lady received many gifts. Among those present were chiefly her children and grandchildren, also her brother James C. Page, her sister, Mrs. M. E. Burnham, Mrs. Julia Raymond of Fitchburg, Mrs. Doe of Maplewood.

Couldn't Find Owners.

Washington, Oct. 24. — The treasury department has received 516 Columbian World's fair medals and diplomas, awarded to exhibitors in the United States, which have been returned by the postoffice department, because the parties to whom they were sent cannot be found.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists, 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

SHOES

FROM MAKERS FAMOUS FOR EXCELLENCE.

Everybody seems to want your money these days, but nobody will give you as much in return for it as we do.

It's not the Price, but the Quality That makes the Shoes Cheap.

"Box Calf"

Have you tried this new leather, manufactured by White Bros. & Co., in Belvidere, Lowell? They guarantee it will resist water, wear like iron, and always keep soft and flexible."

Ladies' Boots, button and polish, in "Box Calf," at $1.50, $2.50 and $3, in all widths and toes.

Men's Bal. and Congress Shoes in "Box Calf," at $2.50, $2.95 and $3.50, in all styles.

Beware of imitation "Box Calf." It is said, White Bros. is the only genuine "Box Calf." Our "Box Calf" Shoes are the real White Bros.' article guaranteed water proof.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,

49 to 59 Central Street.

WE TAKE SPECIAL PAINS

To procure for our customers goods that cannot be easily duplicated, and to give you the best possible value for your money.

Louis Alexander,

Formerly of Fifth Ave., New York.

Importer and Tailor, No. 65 Central Street.

Fine Dyeing and French Cleansing
Dyeing of Every Description, all Shades and Black.
BOSTON STEAM DYE HOUSE
F. B. Leed's Agent. Runel's Building, cor. Bridge and Merrimack Street. Ladies' and Gents' garments dyed, cleansed and pressed.

SURGERY OF CURES

THE RECORD OF

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

HERE'S TROUBLE

A License Commissioner Also a Liquor Dealer.

INTERESTING DEVELOPMENT IN INSOLVENCY COURT

Showing the Character of Fall River Regime.

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 24.—In the insolvency court here yesterday, Judge Fuller gave a second hearing on the petition of Dominick Finegan of the firm of Finegan & Fitzsimmons, liquor dealers, of this city, to be declared insolvent. The first hearing was held in Taunton, Oct. 9, and brought out the fact that the firm originally consisted of the following five parties: Ex-Mayor Coughlin, license commissioner Stanton, J. E. O'Connell and Finegan and Fitzsimmons. Milton Reed, counsel for Fitzsimmons, demanded that the other three parties be cited into court to show why they should not be considered members of the firm. It was stated that just before election, Coughlin disposed of his share to O'Connell, who later sold both shares. Many of the creditors were represented by counsel, and it was stated that no testimony of the transference of partnership in the business could be found, and objections would be raised for the granting of any warrant in which Stanton's name was not included. Counsel Cummings said that the shares of Coughlin and O'Connell had been accounted for, but it is not known what has become of Stanton's share. Judge Fuller suggested that the situation would be relieved if License Commissioner Stanton could come into court, and accordingly issued a warrant for Stanton to appear before him on Oct. 30, to show cause why he should not be included as a member of the firm. License Commissioner Stanton may be obliged to resign his commission, as according to the law no commissioner can conduct, or be interested in any of the business for which he has to grant licenses.

CRISP GOSSIP.

One of the afternoon papers yesterday had the "nerve" to come out with a police item headed "No news," having copied the heading from the slate bulletin at the police station. It isn't right to "knock" the department.

People who are planning popcorn parties for the winter will do well to lay in a supply of coke. A coal fire deadens down when it is opened, but coke burns bright and hot. Gas is excellent also; but coke is cheaper. Popping corn is one of the few things that will remain hand work for some time to come. Small machines have been invented, but they are not an improvement upon the old method.

A young man from Woburn told me yesterday that the people there who heard Rev. Fr. Dacey, O. M. I., speak at the banquet of the St. Charles Temperance society, Thursday evening, were much impressed with the eloquence of the young Oblate. "Ed. Slattery was with us too," said the young man, "and his address was very entertaining."

Rev. Father Wrenn of Springfield was in this city yesterday, and was the guest of Dr. McAvinnue. The priest and the doctor were classmates in college.

It is reported that many tenements in Ward Four are vacant, and the "To Let" sign dangles in many windows.

The Mail says that the Lowell republican campaign companies are loud in their praise of the hospitality of the Peabody people. And why shouldn't they be? I heard tell of one young man who went home, placed his lighted torch against the table in the dining room and went to bed. When his wife got up in the morning the torch was still blazing.

CITY HALL NOTES.

There are 160 miles of accepted streets in this city.

Complaints have been made at city hall that grass is growing in Steadman street and residents want the city laborers to cut it. This is the street on which the city laid out $5000.

Alderman Howe says that the lands and buildings department has decided to allow the High school battalion to use Huntington hall for drill purposes.

The pauper department has unpaid bills amounting to between $8000 and $9000 standing against it.

Supt. Varnum is well pleased because his department managed to keep within its appropriation. "If I had $10,000 more I could have spent it to advantage," said Mr. Varnum.

There are about 450 inmates at the city farm.

Patriarchs at Music Hall.

Manager Boody of Music Hall has extended an invitation to the members of Canton Pawtucket, Patriarchs Militant, to attend a performance of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde at his house on Monday evening, Oct. 26, the opening night. The canton will be present in a body and in full uniform and after the performance will entertain in the banquet hall of the I. O. O. F., hall on Merrimack street.

Consumers Brewing Company.

There will be 16 new vats in the addition to the Consumers' Brewing company's plant. Each vat will be 30 feet deep, and will hold 600 barrels of beer.

The Consumers' Brewing company will commence to make ale next summer.

A young son has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Ryan, 5 June street.

WANT $158,000

That Amount Required to Piece Out Appropriations.

STREET DEPARTMENT MAKES A VERY LARGE DEMAND.

School Department Wants $55,000 More.

Mayor Courtney was not at all surprised yesterday afternoon when the heads of departments made a demand on him for $158,500 to carry them through the year.

Neither was the mayor pleased for he expected each department would ask for the limit.

At the conference called to consider means of meeting expenses of the city for the remainder of the year every department was represented.

Around the big table in the aldermanic committee room were Mayor Courtney, Aldermen Wilson, Howe, Tryder and Fleming, City Auditor Chase and City Treasurer Coburn. It was 3 o'clock when Mayor Courtney called to order and the list of departments was taken up.

Supt. Whitcomb said he could not see the year through for the school department for less than $55,000 more. The most of this will be needed for salaries, which now run on an average of $1000 a month more than last year owing to the increase in the teachers' force. We will require $68,000 for salaries during the remainder of the year. This would make the total amount for the year $265,000 against $245,000 for last year.

Supt. Varnum stated that $3000 more will be needed for the school house appropriation to pay janitors' salaries which amount to $320 a week and the running expenses. However, the lands and buildings appropriation can stand a transfer of that amount.

The street department, through Alderman Fleming, made a demand for $12,000.

Mayor Courtney questioned Alderman Fleming about the work being done and its probable cost.

The alderman stated that more work was done this year than any year he knew of. "Last year we received $11,000 for sidewalk assessments, and so far this year our current receipts from this source amount to $4000."

"The amount you would need depends on the work you are going to do," suggested Mayor Courtney to Alderman Flemings.

The alderman answered affirmatively and proceeded to mention some work that should be done and has been voted.

"Did your committee ever vote to macadamize Marlborough street, which you say will cost $1500?"

"No, sir, that work work was never voted," answered the alderman.

"And still it was done?" inquired Mayor Courtney.

"Yes, and in the beginning of the year our committee voted to do no work unless the committee ordered it," was Alderman Fleming's reply.

This did not satisfy the mayor and he questioned Alderman Fleming very closely as to the expenses of the department and was very anxious and particular to know how much the Pawtucket grade crossing cost so far.

"That grade crossing is the greatest humbug in the city," said Alderman Tryder. "When you get it finished you will have to tear it down again. It was foolishness to ever start that work at all."

"How about Steadman street was the work there ever voted?" asked the mayor.

"Well," answered Alderman Fleming, "before I knew anyting about it they had one-half of the street graded and I wanted the work stopped, but the others on the committee would not have it."

"The sewer department is all right," said Alderman Howe.

Supt. Oliver said he would use about $1000 for the commons department.

Secretary Courtney of the pauper department made a request for $26,000 and said the department could "scrape" along on that amount.

"The police department will actually need $17,000," said Commissioner Faulkner. "We asked for $110,000 at the beginning of the year and we got only $95,000 with a promise of more later. If we had got $110,000 we should have tried to live within it; but when we saw we were going to get more, of course we put on extra officers where they were actually needed."

"That is the trouble," said Mayor Courtney. "That blanket loan is the bother. Every year we have got to pay one-tenth of it with the interest."

Chief Hosmer figured out that it will require $20,000 to carry along the fire department.

"That will give you $7000 more than last year," said Mayor Courtney, "and I would like to know where that comes in." The chief explained that considerable repairing of engines and trucks has been done. 2000 feet of hose have been bought.

"It will cost $14,500 more to run the lighting department through the year," said Chief Hosmer. Of this amount the Electric Light Co. will get about $13,000.

City Librarian Chase said the library appropriation will need about $2500 more for the rest of the year.

Agent Knapp represented the health department and the actual expenses for the balance of the year will be $12,056.59. This brought the total amount up to $158,500.

Alderman Tryder took occasion to remark that Supt. Whitcomb is a very expensive man. He recommends things and advocates them, and they cost money, too. Then the alderman stated that a most expensive fad was the introduction of blocked paper to take the place of slates in the schools.

City Treasurer Coburn said the corporation tax will not be received till December 10.

"We ought to get that amount down to $150,000," suggested the mayor.

City Treasurer Coburn stated that there are coming due $75,000 in notes for the blanket loans of previous years.

"Could not an agreement be made to pay that in advance and thus enable us to borrow $75,000 without exceeding our debt limit?" asked Mayor Courtney.

"I can't do a thing until after election anyway. If all the notes were held in this city it would be easier to make such an arrangement," answered the city treasurer.

A meeting of the finance committee will be called and a plan of meeting the emergency will be placed before the members of that committee.

One to five applications of Doan's Ointment will cure the worst case of itching piles there ever was. Can you afford to torture when a simple, never failing suffer remedy is at hand? It never fails.

ALL THE GENUINE "BOX CALF" SHOES

have attached to every pair an Aluminum Key Ring Check made like this.

Be sure and demand it, and if it's refused, write us the name of the dealer, and we will send you one free by mail for your trouble. White Bros. & Co., Boston, Mass.

HANNA'S KITE IN THE STORM.

DR. TANNER BURNED TO DEATH.

Gained National Notoriety Some Years Ago by His Public Performances as a Faster.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—A special from Akron, O., says: Dr. Tanner, who many years ago gained national notoriety by his sensational public attempts at fasting, was one of the two men burned to death Wednesday morning in the pottery plant of the Whitmore-Robinson company. His body is still in the ruins. His right name was Francis Harrison.

Several years ago he gained unenviable publicity by selling his wife, as reported, to Adam Hill, a German, for $10 and an old sewing machine.

LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL

Changes Some of its Rules of Admission.

The Lowell General hospital has issued the following circular as a result undoubtedly of the reports that it had become very exclusive regarding the admission of patients.

The Lowell General hospital, desirous of making its privileges accessible, as possible, begs to notify the medical profession that the admission of patients, hereafter, can be secured through the house physician, who is on duty at the hospital at all times.

A physician certifying that a patient is a suitable case for the hospital, can communicate with the house physician by telephone or otherwise. That officer will then take measures for admitting the patient, using his discretion in all cases, subject to the rules of the hospital.

Emergency cases, as therefore, can be sent at once to the hospital; but whenever possible telephone advice should be sent in advance.

No contagious or infectious cases, nor those with delirium tremens, or those with venereal diseases and no chronic or incurable cases, will be received—there being no accommodations for such.

North Billerica.

A very enjoyable sociable was held last evening at the Baptist church in North Billerica, which was largely attended. Supper was served from 5.30 to 7.30, after which an excellant program was enjoyed as follows: Opening address by the pastor, Rev. Samuel Knowles; chorus and solo by a mixed choir; recitation, Henry Potts; dialogue by four little girls; song, Mr. J. Ritchie; reading, Miss Morris; song, Mr. J. W. Stott; recitation Miss Mary Walker; dialogue by six young people; vocal solo, Miss Nancy Walker; chorus by four boys and girls; solo, Miss Faulcon. The singing of Miss Faulcon was especially praiseworthy. Mr. Ernest Robinson was chairman of the committee of arrangements.

First class job printing at this office

Croquette

fried in COTTOLENE is a most toothsome morsel to tempt a fickle appetite. Once tried, then all desire for lard-fried things will vanish. Everything fried in COTTOLENE is appetizing, wholesome and healthful—less greasy, tastes better, more digestible.

The Cottolene trade-marks are 'Cottolene' and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, Boston, Portland, Me., New York.

THE WORKING MAN SHOULD

Vote for the Best Interest of the Union,

For the big Union Market is selling goods for the best interest of the working man. Spring Lamb for Sunday dinner, Legs, 10c. to 12c., Loins, 8c. to 10c., Fore Quarter 5c. a pound.

A full assortment of all kinds of vegetables almost given away at the only

Union Market, Middlesex St. Foot of South

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

It Pays

To Trade With
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
When You Want
TABLE SUPPLIES
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,
415 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET.
Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

American Plates For Russia.

Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 24.—The Bethlehem Iron company, last night, shipped 17 plates of side armor for the Russian battleship Rostislav, to the commandant of port at Sebastopol. The shipment weighed 200 tons, and was the largest shipment of American armor plate ever made to a foreign power.

Murder Case on the Docket.

Portsmouth, N. H., Oct. 24.—The grand jury for this county yesterday reported 99 indictments, a majority of which were for illegal sales of liquor. An indictment was returned against John M. Dow, of Seabrook, charging him with murder in the second degree of Josiah Brown, in Seabrook, last July.

Hurt His Feelings.

Hartford, Oct. 24.—Herbert G. Bissell, prominent socially, has brought suit for $1000 against Arthur G. Lord, employed in the water commissioners' office. Lord, with several others, it is alleged, rode Bissell on a rail recently, to prevent him calling on a West Hartford young lady.

Wesleyans Not Admitted.

Boston, Oct. 24.—The convention of the Delta Upsilon fraternity opened with a business session at the Quincy House yesterday. An appeal was presented from Wesleyan university for a chapter in the society, and delegates from Wesleyan were heard at some length. The petition, however, was not granted.

Beautiful Dolls FREE.

The French Doll.

Five beautiful dolls, lithographed on cardboard, eight inches high. Can be cut out and put together by the children—no pasting. Each doll has two complete suits. American, French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Japanese, German, Swiss, Turkish and Indian costumes. All parts being interchangeable, many combinations can be made, affording endless amusement and instruction. A high-class series of dolls, patented and manufactured for us exclusively and not to be compared with the numerous cheap paper dolls on the market.

How To Get Them.

Cut from five outside wrappers of None Such Mince Meat the head of the girl holding pie. Send these with ten cents in silver—wrapped in paper—and your full name and address, and we will send the dolls postpaid. Or we will send them free for twenty heads of the girl. Send only the heads to avoid extra postage.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

NEW FANCY EIDER DOWNS "ERMINETTE"

IS THE NAME OF

The New Fancy Cotton EIDER DOWN

Very handsome and soft fleecy fabric for ladies' dressing sacks, house wrappers, and children's cloaks, etc., produced in the prettiest styles and colorings ever brought out in heavy fleecy goods; We have received 40 cases of the mill long Remnants of these desirable goods and will sell them at

ONLY 12½c. PER YD.

Though they are worth 20c. per yard on the piece and the quality we have, offers you the choice of all the different styles produced in any length desired—on sale in Palmer street store and also in our basement—Grand display in Palmer street window.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

A Well Established Profitable Business,

ON MERRIMACK STREET FOR SALE AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
Room 1, Swan's Block, Central street. Bad debts of all kinds collected. Telephone 66-5.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

TALKING MACHINE PARLOR

Music, Songs, and Speeches of Bryan and McKinley.

The ladies are especially invited to call. Bring the children along.
We sell Talking Machines and supplies.
The Bijou is the home favorite and has no equal for the variety of amusement and entertainment it gives. Records and reproduces music, songs and speeches. Price with outfit $50. The Motor slot Graphophone for stores and places of resort, a great money maker, $50. We want everybody to call and see these wonderful instruments that talk every language and sing all songs and give the music of all instruments.
THE EASTERN TALKING MACHINE CO., 88 Merrimack Street.